EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK. DIXON, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1897 FOURTEENTH YEAR, No 326

E. C. Parsons,
Real Estate.

Moquette, Axminister and Body Brussels.....
Carpets!
We are showing an elegant line of samples from O. U. Richardson & Co., the largest carpet house in the west. Don't fail to see them.
W. F. Weaver & Co.
Round Corner Block.

JUST RECEIVED.....
500 Boxes Writing Paper, direct from manufacturers at jobbers prices, and must be sold within ten days. Special half pound box, 30 sheets and 30 envelopes, cream wove, regular price 25c
At Ten Cents!
A. H. TILLSON,
Drug and Stationery

Manufacturers, buy your.....
Lubricating Oils
....of the...
Penn Refining Co. L't'd.
Producers of Pennsylvania products exclusively. Get advantage of carload rates. Goods delivered.
E. H. Crabtree,
Sales Agent.

S. S. DODGE,
Diamonds!
Watches!
Jewelry!
Silverware!
Fine Watchwork and Engraving
by experienced workmen.
Cor. First St., and Hennepin Av.



SKATES!
We have a full stock of the celebrated BARNEY & BERRY, in Ladies' and Men's. Prices LOW.
R. H. HOWELL, 57 First Street.

CHRISTMAS.,,,
You are cordially invited to visit Wendel's jewelry store any time before Christmas We have made the greatest preparations for a large trade, and, have the finest and most complete stock pertaining to our line of goods that you have ever seen in Dixon. Our prices are reasonable, our time is yours, and your favors will be appreciated.
G. O. WENDEL,
160 Galena Ave.

One More Bargain!
STEEL-DIE INITIAL STATIONERY, in any color of ink.
50 Sheets Fine Paper, embossed in any color: 50 Envelopes to match,
For the low price of 75 Cents.
SEE SAMPLES IN WINDOW.
Lew. E. Edwards.

GUILTY!

STATES ATTORNEY BREWSTER VICTORIOUS—A FEATHER IN HIS CAP!

A STRONG PLEA FOR CONVICTION.

JUDGE J. W. WATTS MAKES THE EFFORT OF HIS LIFE.

The Celebrated Physicians' Case of The People vs Vaughn and Sheldon in the Hands of the Jury.

A person present at the trial says that J. W. Watts has long borne the reputation of being one of the most studious and best read common law lawyers in Lee county, and his clearness of reasoning and ability to present in a logical way all the niceties and technicalities of the law has long since been unexcelled. His practice in the past has principally been on the Common Law side of the court; but yesterday, in the opening speech of this long and hotly contested case, he proved his ability beyond a doubt as a criminal lawyer. For two hours he held the jury and audience in rapt attention and made the most forcible and logical argument of his life. His remarks as to the confidence and trust reposed in the family physician were at times full of pathos and he exhibited much feeling as he commented on the duty, responsibility and trust placed in the family physician. In fact, it is conceded by all that Attorney Watts made an effective argument.

We had hoped and fully expected to have given our reader this evening the closing testimony of Drs. Sheldon and Vaughn, and that of Miss Emory and her brother John on Saturday in the this hotly contested trial. It had been promised us by the court reporter; but he could not find time to transcribe his notes, and so we are disappointed. We understand, however, that the testimony of the prosecution was strong and straightforward and unshaken by rigid cross-examination. Dr. Sheldon made a very good witness; but Dr. Vaughn's evidence materially injured his own case. The testimony on both sides was finished Saturday and the jury had all day Sunday on which to reflect and digest the evidence presented. Monday morning on the opening court the arguments commenced at 9:30 and were not concluded until 5:30 in the afternoon. The jury received the judge's charge and retired before eight o'clock and were still out when court adjourned at half past nine. When the train left for the south at near midnight they were still in session; which taken in connection with all the circumstances of the trial was strong evidence to the popular mind that the People had a just case. On the people's side was arrayed a newly elected prosecuting attorney assisted by a very able counsellor, who, called at a very late stage of the proceedings, was to present his first argument in a criminal case. On the side of the defense were two able and experienced jury lawyers from Lee county and the strongest legal firm of JoDavies, the flower of the bar in the northern part of the circuit, men who were quick to see and take advantage of any weak points in the case. Much anxiety was felt in the issue. If the case were won, it would be won against heavy odds: if lost, it had been conducted on the part the prosecution in a way to convince impartial hearers of the justice of the indictment and to reflect great credit on the prosecution.

J. W. Watts' impassioned plea had been listened to throughout with unbated interest by the jury. He was followed by S.H. Bethea and by Sheean of Galena for the defence, both of whom did their best to present the strongest points on their side in a way to influence the jury. The concluding argument was presented by Prosecuting Attorney Brewster, who clearly reviewed the evidence and presented a strong argument for the prosecution.

The jury was out all night and this morning when court convened, were not yet ready to report. Between one and two o'clock this afternoon, the jury brought in their verdict against both Dr. Sheldon and Dr. Vaughn of *"Guilty of obtaining money under false pretenses."*

This, as we have stated, is, under the circumstances, a victory which reflects unbounded credit on our new prosecuting attorney, E. H. Brewster and gives him at once an enviable standing in the legal profession.

We are personally pleased with the verdict: First because it is right; and second, because it is a vindication of the course of THE TELEGRAPH throughout, in first bringing the matter to the attention of the public, and subsequently in the interest alike of defenceless afflicted humanity and of legitimate surgical practice, urging it upon the action of the courts. In the face of opposition hard to overcome, but with an assurance that sentiment was on the popular side of right, we have acted throughout conscientiously and fearlessly, and the result proves also rightly and justly.

HAS THE POWER.

Edward J. Ramsey Puts Them to Sleep.

That Edward J. Ramsey is a mesmerist there is no doubt. He has made a study of the science for several years but has been reluctant about illustrating his power until recently. He has given his companions considerable amusemement the last few evenings and this morning he proved his power to a TELEGRAPH reporter by putting to sleep a wide awake brother reporter. The drowsy, innocent expression that came into that news man's face was a revelation and the sleep that followed was so pure and sweet that the rude awakening shocked us. Harvey Petersberger, to whom we give thanks for the exhibition, is wild with delight. He has delegated himself as stage manager; has given up all idea of going to Klondike in the spring, but will star Mr. Ramsey on the road, if the latter's modesty does not forbid. Ed. had eight young men asleep in Eli's place last night, and every bill collector that has entered the Petersberger store today has been treated with a short trip to the Land of Nod. It is the real thing, sure.

A Late Arrival.

There was an arival at the residence of Professor Chas. W. Groves Saturday night. They were all so happy over it that not a word was said about it to the newspaper folks. Being newcomers themselves Professor and Mrs. Groves supposed, we presume, it was a common sort of an affair for little boys to come to people's homes here in Dixon. They have concluded to keep the boy as a regular boarder and perhaps the Professor will take him into his school after a while.

A Close Call.

It is not generally known that Conductor John Barge came very near losing his life one night last week. He was asleep in his car on a side track at West Chicago waiting for a morning train to return to Chicago, when by error, an engine came in on his track and crushed into the car at the end in which he was sleeping. The car was splinted all around his bed and the crew on the colliding engine were all badly jarred, but luckily no one was injured. John had a slight scratch on one ankle.

Foster's Weather Forecasts.

W. T. Foster, the great weather prophet of St. Joseph, Mo., whose predictions are usually very reliable, says that a storm wave will reach the Pacific coast about the 3rd of December, across the west of Rockies country by the close of the 4th, the great central valleys the 5th to 7th, and reach the Eastern States by the 8th.

Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about December 3, great central valleys 5, Eastern States 7. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about December 6, great central valleys 8, Eastern States 10

The second disturbance of December will reach the Pacific coast about December 9, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 10, great central valleys 11 to 13, eastern states 14.

Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about December 9, great central valleys 11th, eastern states 13th. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 12th, great central valleys 14th eastern states 16th.

Temperature of the week ending December 11th will average, and rainfall will be, below normal east of and above west of the Rockies.

East of the Rockies December temperature will average below, and on the Pacific slope above normal. Most rain and snow will fall in Ohio valley, in the Atlantic coast states south of New York city and on the northern Pacific slope. The balance of the country rainfall will be below normal.

An important cold wave will enter the upper Missouri valley about the first of December and real winter weather will continue for about two weeks.

This cold wave will affect all of the United States and Canada east of the Rockies and will be attended by rains, hails, snows and blizzards, not all in one place, but within the countries mentioned.

About December 18th a warm wave pass eastward over the country and the remainder of the month will be much milder than the first two weeks.

Ladies'
CLOAKS
and CAPES!
We have 100 garments to sell at greatly reduced prices.
A Good Time to Save Some Money.
Chas. H. Lapham & Co.

J. H. MORRIS & SON
GROCERS

RAZORS!
STAR SAFETY Razors are practical. We have sold them with much success for years.
ORDINARY RAZORS. We have a great assortment from 75c up. Strops, Soap, Brushes and Mugs. There are some advantages and comforts in shaving oneself.
Alexander & Howell
HARDWARE
Telephone No. 51.


DO YOU NEED A.....
JACKET?
Look Here!
Remember, we sell as we advertise. These garments must go.
Missses' Blue of Green Jackets, sizes 14 to 16 years, worth $5.50, at $3 95
Misses' All Wool Beaver, sizes 16 to 18 years, worth $9 50, at $6 95
Children's Jackets, sizes 4, 6 and 8 years, worth $2 25, at $1.69
Children's Jackets, All Wool Boucle, sizes 8, 10 and 12 years, worth $6.00, at $3.85
Ladies' Rough Diagonal Jackets, worth $6 00 at $4.75
Ladies' Plain Black Beaver Jackets, worth $6 00, at $4.25
Ladies' Light Fancy All Wool Jackets, worth $9.00, at $6.95
Ladies' Black Boucle Capes, worth $6.00, at $4 75
See our Misses' $1.00 School Shoes!
I. B. Countryman Co.
Telephone No. 4.



The Master of the House

should, for his own comfort and peace of mind, exercise due caution in his purchase of furnace coal. What he wants is coal that will burn with the least percentage of clinker and slag—coal that will be completely consumed. Besides he wants to get his money's worth. All this is his if he orders of

Geo. R Woodruff.

Telephone 37, 259 Third St.



THOUGH THEY ARE MARVELS of beauty, of strength, and of skill, the articles of FURNITURE we are daily adding to our stock are not expensive. Keen buyers and spot cash make terms easy for us with the manufacturers. We buy the best, we sell the best, and our customers pay little for it. There is a magnificent array of bargains here. Three piece BEDROOM SUITS, perfectly made of well seasoned oak and ash. Fine mahogany Tables of beautiful designs and finish. Call in and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

C. Conderman, 59 First St

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

59 First Street.

Our Holiday Picture Moldings

Have just arrived from the best manufacturers in the United States, including such firms as J. W. Gillis, Rochester, N. Y.; John C. Heughes, Rochester, N. Y., and Toledo Molding Co., Toledo, Ohio.

We have oaks in Flemish, Dutch, Japanese, Bog, Malachite, Antique, Old English, etc. Also fancy and plain whites and gilts.

Come and see the new "Combination Shadow Box and Frame." We also mount embroidered work and make Passe-partout Frames.

Harvey Camp & Son,

110 Talena Avenue.

The "Twin Comet" and "Little Giant"

Lawn Sprinkler!

Best made. Unique, Efficient and Labor Saving. Will sprinkle four times greater area than any others. Highest award at the Chicago Exposition.

E. Stebbins, Mfg. Co.

Sole Manufacturers

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

JOHN WASLEY, Dixon Agent.

HENRY MOREY,

Trucking and General Team Work!

If you wish your yards cleaned, ashes hauled away or any general trucking, call on me.

HENRY MOREY.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED

to its natural color by LEE'S HAIR MEDICANT, no dye, harmless, pleasant odor, $1.00 a bottle. LEE'S HAIR TONIC removes dandruff, stops hair from falling out and promotes growth $1.00 a bottle. LEE MEDICANT CO 108 Fulton st., N.Y. Illustrated Treatise on Hair on application FREE

For sale by A. H. TILLSON, W.R.PARKER

m3

NO AFFAIR OF YOURS

What Germany Is Alleged To Be Prepared to Say to Your Uncle Samuel

ABOUT THAT BUSINESS IN HAYTI.

"Will Brook No Interference in the Matter on the Part of the United States," Says a Berlin Dispatch—Meanwhile "the Matter" Has Been Laid Before Our State Department and a Corinto Affair with the Kaiser Is Imminent.

Berlin, Nov. 30.—The Berliner Tageblatt says it is reliably informed that the German government only wants monetary reparation from Hayti for the recent arrest and imprisonment of Herr Lueders by the Haytian tribunals, but that it will not brook any interference in the matter on the part of the United States.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The attention of the department of state has been formally directed to the friction that has arisen between Germany and Hayti as a result of the arrest by the officials of the latter country of a half-breed named Lueders. While the department has been unofficially watching the matter for some time past, it was not until yesterday that the case came formally before it through the appearance there of Mr. Leger, the minister from Hayti to Washington. The minister came to consult Assistant Secretary Day, and the attitude of Germany in the Lueders case was discussed.

"Sound Practice" Is a Broad Phrase.

The intimation was given out at the state department that our government, so far, has gone only to the length of instructing Ambassador White at Berlin to watch developments and keep this government informed. He will lodge a protest only in the event of the performance by Germany of some act that is not consistent with justice and international law; something that is not anticipated here. In other words, the state department does not feel that it has a right to interpose so long as the demands of Germany for redress are kept within the bounds of sound practice in international disputes, following in this the precedent set by the last administration when it permitted without protest the landing of British troops at Corinto, Nicaragua, to secure indemnity for the ill-treatment of British consular officers.

Germany Must Not Be Unjust.

It does not follow from this, however, that the administration will look with unconcern upon any harsh and unjust measures that may be sought to be put in force by Germany toward the little island republic. The department has been informed that the statement of facts in the case of Lueders is somewhat misleading. For instance, the foundation of the claim of Hayti that it had the right to punish the man as it did lies in an assertion that he was a citizen of Hayti. Lueders was born in Hayti of a German father and a native Hayti woman, and according to the laws of the republic that made the child a full-fledged citizen of Hayti. The person arrested with Lueders for the same offense, a native, full-fledged Haytian, was subjected to exactly the same penalty—$500 fine and a year's imprisonment.

All the Elements of War Handy.

The Haytian minister says the republic is preparing for any eventuality, considering that its honor is involved in the present trouble, and that it cannot yield to demonstrations of force by a powerful nation. The minister says that Hayti's ports are unfortified, and that the country has no navy, but has an army of fair proportions. Naturally it could not expect to contend against one of the most powerful nations on the globe, but with the honor of the republic at stake he declares it would prefer to be crushed rather than to yield to what it regards an injustice. The Haytian authorities consider that the Monroe doctrine applies to the present case and for that reason expect that the people of the United States will not approve the crushing of Hayti by a powerful European government.

GERMANY'S DEMAND ON CHINA

Shows That Wilhelm Believes in Skinning the Black Cat to the Tail.

Pekin, Nov. 30.—Inquiries made here in Chinese official circles confirm the statements contained in dispatches from Shanghai giving the substance of the demands made by Baron Von Heyking, the German minister to China, as a result of the murder recently of German missionaries and the destruction of German mission property. Germany, through her minister, asks for the discovery and execution of the murderers of the missionaries Nies and Hennle; the punishment of the implicated officials, including the governor of the Shan Tung province, in which part of China the mission is situated; the reconstruction of the missionary buildings, and the payment of an indemnity of 600,000 taels to the relatives of the victims.

That, however, is only the beginnning. The pith of the demand is reached in the following: The payment of a heavy indemnity to cover the expenses of the German naval expedition and the maintenance of the German force at Kiao-Chou bay, the railroad monopoy of the Shan Tung province and the occupation of Kiao-Chou bay as a German coaling station. China will refuse the demands of Germany, but will express willingness to make ample reparation for the murder of the missionaries and for the damage done to the mission property. Russia, it is understood, is not yet helping China, but the latter country has decided not to provoke hostilities and to trust to diplomacy for a settlement of the difficulties which have arisen in connection with the mission outrages.

Gone Before the Highest Court.

Mauston, Wis., Nov. 30.—The death of George S. Kaime, of Necedah, who was run over by a freight train at Camp Douglas, puts an end to the prosecution against him for the death of his father, with which he was charged.

Senator Hanna Ill with the Grip.

Cleveland, Nov. 30.—Senator Hanna is confined to his home at Glenmere with a severe attack of the grip. He will not be able to attend to business for several days.

GULDENSUPPE TRIAL CLOSED.

All the Evidence in and the Lawyers Are at Work Today.

New York, Nov. 30.—The trial of Martin Thorn for the murder of Guldensuppe was closed last night so far as the taking of evidence was concerned. This morning the lawyers for the defendant and the people summed up and it is expected that Justice Maddox will charge the jury this afternoon. Thorn himself was a witness called for the defense, and in his story of the murder deliberately accused Mrs. Nack of having shot Guldensuppe, and declared that when he (Thorn) reached the Woodside cottage between 11 and 12 o'clock on Friday, June 25, the woman met him at the door and told him that Guldensuppe was lying dead upstairs and that she had shot and killed him. This, said Thorn, was the first intimation he had of the purpose for which Mrs. Nack had rented the Woodside cottage.

Up to that moment he had understood she was going to start a baby farm there, and that he was to live with her and share the profits. He said Mrs. Nack begged of him to help her to get rid of the body and he accompanied her to the room on the second floor, where he found Guldensuppe lying on his side, dead from a bullet wound in the right side of the head. Mrs. Nack told him that she had carried the revolver in her hand covered by a handkerchif, and that as Guldensuppe was looking into a closet she shot him in the side of the head. Then he told how the body was disposed of, but said that Mrs. Nack did the dissecting thereof instead of himself; otherwise he added nothing new to the story.

LUETGERT ON TRIAL ONCE MORE.

Judge Gary Overrules a Motion to Set Himself Aside.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—The second trial of Adolph L. Luetgert for the murder of his wife began yesterday before Judge Gary and when court adjourned two jurors had been obtained. Luetgert's counsellors were Attorneys Harmon and Riese, the latter being a young lawyer. Phalen severed his connection with the case Sunday. The defense at once attacked Judge Gary's jurisdiction of the case, asserting that it should not have been sent outside the criminal court bench. Another demand made by the defense was for more time. The judge said he would be glad to be out of the case, but overruled the motion disqualifying himself. He said that the attorneys could consult during the noon recess, and if they agreed on another judge he would gladly yield.

When the court reconvened the attorneys for the defense announced that they had been unable to reach an agreement with the state as to a judge to hear the case. Harmon, however, entered exceptions to Judge Gary overruling his motion. Harmon then made a motion for a continuance of four weeks, stating that both he and Reise were not perpared to go on, and wished time to read the records of the trial. This was overruled also. When court adjourned two jurors had been accepted by the state, although the defense has still the privilege of rejecting them.

Boycotting Declared Legitimate.

Detroit, Nov. 30.—Judge Hosmer, of the circuit court, yesterday declined to interfere with a boycott by employes of a milling firm. A temporary injunction had been issued restraining the Railway Teamsters' union and trades council from unlawfully interfering with the business of Jacob Beck & Sons. Judge Hosmer said he would make the injunction permanent so far as violence or disturbances are concerned, but could not interfere with "peaceable distribution of boycotting circulars, or other legitimate means employed by the unions to accomplish their purpose."

Their Faith Was No Medicine.

Niles, Mich., Nov. 30.—Three deaths from diphtheria have recently taken place in the family of William Loskoski near New Carlisle, just across the Indiana line. An investigation revealed the fact that no physician had been called, the family believing that the Creator, who sent the disease, would cure it. The three children who died literally strangled to death. The disease has spread and alarm prevails.

Looking in Wisconsin for Merry.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., Nov. 30.—Detectives Hanley and Roos, of Chicago, were here looking for Chris Merry and James Smith, who are charged with the murder of the former's wife at Chicago. The officers got trace of their men who had been here Saturday and left on a boat for Escanaba the same evening, evidently on their way to the woods. The dock agent identified the men by the descriptions given by the detectives.

Postmaster Missing for Two Weeks.

Alton, Ills., Nov. 30.—William Gillham, postmaster at Upper Alton, Ills., has been missing from his home for over two weeks. His brother-in-law stated that he did not know where he was. His accounts as postmaster are said to be all right. Domestic infelicity is said to be the reason for his prolonged absence. One relative expresses the fear that he is not living.

Stepped in Front of a Train.

Ottumwa, Ia., Nov. 30.—Dr. Lafayette Campbell, former coroner of Wapello county and one of the most prominent physicians in this part of the country, was killed at Chillicothe, near here, by a Burlington freight train. He had flagged a passenger train and stepped back on another track ahead of the coming freight.

Cut Rate to Chicago.

Milwuakee, Nov. 30.—The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad announced yesterday a $7-rate between Chicago and St. Paul, to go into effect on Wednesday, Dec. 1. The Wisconsin Central and the Chicago and Northwestern roads promptly met the cut with the same rates.

Halverson Was Too Generous.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 30.—Ole Halverson, who was shot by Miss Mary Luxton on Saturday night at Inkster, died at midnight Sunday. He was conscious during the day and begged piteously that Miss Luxton might not be prosecuted, as he was alone to blame.

Osteopathy Proscribed in Iowa.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 30.—Dr. Hartsupee's osteopathy institute, east of the city, was closed yesterday in compliance with the law passed last winter preventing its practice in the state. There were fifty patients and the medical staff was rushed with business.

AUTONOMY FOR CUBA.

Bold Stand Taken by De Lome in Interpreting the Recent Royal Decree.

SAYS IT IS AMPLE AND COMPLETE

And Gives the Island a Greater Degree of Home Rule Than Has Canada or Any State in the United States. Shows Where the Spanish Policy Is More Liberal Than the British or American According to the Minister's View.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, has received long dispatches from Madrid showing in detail the plan of autonomy which Spain is about to apply to Cuba. While these do not give the text of the new law they explain all important features and clear up doubts which had arisen from the unofficial reports which have come from Madrid. Speaking of the new laws the minister said: "It is a measure which will stand the closest scrutiny, and I am very desirous that the American people should look into it with care, studying it and comparing it with other constitutional methods of governing colonies. One of the recent criticisms is that this plan of autonomy is the same as the old plan, with some change of detail.

Just What the Autonomists Asked.

"As a matter of fact the new plan is a complete realization of the policy and platforms of the Autonomist party during the last twenty years. The old plan of autonomy gave to Cuba an advisory body. It did not have final authority in making laws, but merely advised as to those laws. Now, however, the new law proposes to give Cuba a parliamentary body of full law-making power. The completeness of this legislative power is as great, if not greater, than that enjoyed by Canada or by any state of the United States. This is readily demonstrated by comparing the plan of the new law with that of the British North American act of 1867, which establishes the present parliamentary system of Canada.

Home Rule as It Is in Canada.

"According to the Canadian law the Canadian parliament consists of two bodies. The upper house is made up of members appointed by the crown, each member holding a life tenure, with a qualification that no member is eligible unless he has an income of $4,000. The provision for the new Cuban upper house is along the same general line, but is far less stringent. Instead of the crown appointing all of the upper house—as in the case of Canada—the Spanish crown is to appoint only one-half of the members of the upper house of Cuba. The other half are to be elected by the people of Cuba every five years. There is a $4,000 property qualification for membership of the upper house of Cuba, which is the same as that in Canada.

Regarding the Lower House.

"The same comparison holds good between the proposed lower house in Cuba and the lower house in Canada. There is a $2,500 property qualification for members of the lower house in Canada and also a qualification as to those who may vote for such members. But in the new plan for Cuba there is no property qualifications as to the electors. It is one man, one vote, the same be he black or white.

COMPARED WITH OUR STATES.

Declares the Law Gives Cuba More Home Rule Than They Have.

"If the new home rule law is compared with the systems prevailing the several states of the United States it will be found that Cuba is to have a far greater measure of control of her own affairs than do the several states in this country. For instance, she is given control of her postal affairs, control of her banking and currency, control of her customs. This last feature is most important, and according to dispatches I have received from Madrid it is as follows: 'The insular parliament will form its own tariff, fixing both import and export duties. The home government, together with the insular government, will make a schedule of such peninsular and insular products as by common agreement shall enjoy a preferential duty over similar foreign products, which in no case shall exceed 35 per cent. In case of disagreement in the preparation of said schedule the point in dispute shall be submitted to a committee of members of the cortes consisting of an equal number of Peninsulars and Cubans.'

"It will be observed that this gives to the Cuban parliament entire control of the tariff with the condition that there shell be preferential duties for Spain not exceeding 35 per cent. It should be understood that these preferential duties are not an unusual feature. Even under the last reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba, which is conceded to have been the most satisfactory reciprocity treaty made by the United States, there was a preferential duty of 50 per cent. to Spain. Under the new law this is cut down to 35 per cent. Moreover, it should be understood that the preferential duties do not cover all the tariff schedules, as they did when the United States and Cuba had a reciprocity treaty, but cover only a limited number of articles.

"There is another feature which should be noted. For the first time the government has said officially that Spain will assume a part of the debt of Cuba. The payment of this debt is to be arranged by the cortes, but it is to be on a basis satisfactory to both parties."

Recurring to the legislative powers which Cuba would enjoy the minister was asked if they was not qualified to some extent by the right of approval reserved to the governor general in certain cases. "It will be found on examining the new law," answered the minister, "that the governor general has this reserved right only in three specific cases, while the general rule is that the laws go into effect without reserve. Furthermore, these three reservations are th same as those given to the governor gneral of Canada, or to any other colonial executive. This will be found to be the case by examining the British-American act of 1867 already referred to. In short, there is nothing unusual in these reservations in a few specific cases of a national character, but it is the universal principle in the constitutional government of colonies."

Consumption Positively Cured.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all midical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief: spent many nights sitting up in a chair was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for coughs, colds, and consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. 5

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthly condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive you have a bilious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be effected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good alterative and tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver, and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils and gives a good complexion. Every bottle is guaranteed. Sold at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. 50c per bottle. 5

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. H. Tillson, Druggists, Dixon, Illinois.

J. M. Thirswend, of Grosbeck, Tex., says that when he has a spell of indigestion, and feels bad and sluggish, he takes two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers at night, and he is all right the next morning. Many thousands of others do the same thing. Do you? Rowland Bros.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that take the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O B2

Why Pay Rent?

Better own a farm! Start now! Send to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill., for a free copy of the North-Western Home-Seeker, which gives practical information to those interested in the pursuits of agriculture, dairying and cattle raising. Correspondence solicited from intending settlers.

WARNING:—Persons who suffer from coughs and colds should heed the warnings of danger and save themselves suffering and fatal results by using One Minute Cough Cure. It is an infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. Rowland Bros.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. A2

Programs printed on short notice at this office.

There is no need of little children being tormented by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently. Rowland Bros.

FAC-SIMILE signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER is on the wrapper of every bottle of CASTORIA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develope into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. Rowland Bros.

First Class job printing done at this office.

Disfigurement for life by burns or scalds may be avoided by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and for all kinds of sores and skin troubles. Rowland Bros.

Note Heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads etc., neatly and promptly printed at this office.

You can't cure consumption but you can avoid it and cure every other form of throat or lung trouble by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. Rowland Bros.

KENTUCKY JOINED.

In Paying Tribute to the Little Conqurer.

A young man went to a wealthy and successful manufacturer a short time ago and applied for employment. "What can you do?" the manufacturer said, and the young man proceeded to tell in glowing terms of his wonderful ability.

"But I don't want to know what you say you can do," the gentleman replied, "let me know what others say you have done. Bring me recommendations from the people I know and can trust."

It's the same with the little conqueror and the public; people want to know what has been done.

Kentucky people joined the myriads of others in making public the works of this little modern wonder.

The indorsement of reliable people is the proof that goes with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mr. Frank C. Friend, a well known citizen of of Lexington avenue, Ashland, Kentucky, says: 'Let anyone come to me who wants to know what Doan's Kidney Pills will do for pain in the back. I can give them a chapter from my own experience. I had for a while as lame a back as a man wants. I was working about the Saw Mill, and it was very much in evidence when I was lifting and working among the logs. Usually it was a dull aching, always there, even at night. I could hardly sleep, and when I wanted to get out of bed I had to slide out sideways without sitting up. I went down to a drug store to get something for it and the druggist recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to me, so I got a box of them. They benefited me in a few days. I kept right on at my heavy work and have done so ever since. After a reasonable length of time I was free from all pain, and have remained so. Doan Kidney Pills are all right."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by D. S. Horton and all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Yellowstone Park Is more and more impressing itself upon the public as the years go by, as being the GREAT PARK of the land. The strong feature of it is the fact that it is not a man made park. True enough man has built roads and bridges and hotels in order that he may see the Park, but he has not yet tied his hand at constructing newfangled Geysers, or re-adorning or re-scupturing the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone. These are as God left them. There, too, the elk, beer, deer and other animals are not enclosed in wire fences. They wonder free and unfretted whithersoever they will. Man's handiwork is but little seen and the Park is the grander for it. Send Chas. S. Fee, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railway six cent for Wonderland '97, and read about the Park. 250tf

Calling Cards for ladies and misses, in great variety, printed at this office.

KEY TO THE KLONDIKE.

The Pioneer Alaska Railway is the Northern Pacific, and to that Company belongs the credit, in connection with the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., of having inaugurated the sale of through tickets to points in Alaska. The Northern Pacific was the first Railway to issue A Map of Alaska showing the inland passage from Puget Sound to Sitka, Juneau and Chilkat.

Those intending to go to Alaska early next spring, after the snows on the Dyea and Skaguay passes are packed down and the lakes frozen, or at a later date, either via this route or via St. Michaels and the month of the Yukon, should remember that the Northern Pacific is the Pioneer Alaska Line; runs Steamheated Trains with Dining Cars, Pullman Standard and Tourist Sleepers from St. Paul to Tacoma, Seattle and Portland: passengers having the option of going via Helena or Butte City (the latter the greatest silver mining camp in the world) also via Lake Pend D'oreille, Idaho, or through the famous Coer D'Alene country.

Early in November we shall issue an illustrated folder replete with Alaska and Klondike information up-to-date.

Send CHAS. S. FEE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., two cents in postage and he will forward you this map. 281tf

A NEW LAKE.... ....A NEW TROUT

Rear Admiral Bearslee of the Pacific Coast Squadron, U. S. N. about a year ago brought to the attenion of tourists and anglers a beautiful lake in Northwestern Washington, that contains new varieties of monstrous trout

President Jordon of Stanford University, California, an authority on fishes, pronounced them entirely new to science. They are large, weighing from 10 to 13 pounds and ranging from 10 to 13 inches in length. They are caught by trolling, at a distance of 30 feet or more below the lake's surface and are the gamiest sort of trout, full of fight, Already, anglers have gone from the far east to Lake Cresent to enjoy the rare sport found there

A long chapter on this beautiful lake and its finny inhabitants, located in the heart of the Olympic Mountains, is found in the Northern Pacific Tourist Book, wonderland '97. Send six cents for it to Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Passenger Agent St. Paul Minn. 250tf

CITY NATIONAL BANK.

SAMUEL C. BELLS, Pres.
J. W. CRAWFORD, Vice Pres.
LEONARD ANDRUS, Cashier.
CHAS. E. CHANDLER, Asst., Cashier.

This bank is fully equipped to take care of its customers. Its safety deposit vaults and boxes should be patronized by everybody who desires absolute security for their valuable papers, jewerly, &c.

CHARLES B. MORRISON. S. H. BETHEA
MORRISON & BETHEA,
ATTORNEY'S At Law, Schuler Building
Telephone 18.

EDMUND B. OWENS, M. D.
COUNTRYMAN Building, Rooms 12, 13 and 14. Office hours 1:30 to 5:00 and 7:00 to 8:30 p. m. Residence Telephone 81; Office, 80.

L. J. POLLOCK.
DENTIST, Opera Block. Fillings, porcelain inlays, crowns and bridgework (teeth without plates.) Persons wearing thick, heavy rubber plates should change them for the light, comfortable ones of metal that I manufacture according to my own special methods, which makes them perfect in fit and so strong that I can guarantee them for a lifetime. I still manufacture the best rubber plates for $8.00

J. E. BYINGTON,
PIANO TUNER, 160 Galena Avenue. Residence 58 Chamberlain St. 306Satt

C. J. REYNOLDS,
Mining Stock Broker
Colorado Springs, Colorado,
Member Board of Trade and Mining Exchange. | Correspondence Solicited.

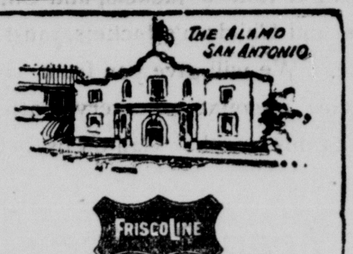
GEORGE SCHORR,
Is Agent for Mendota Beer
More sold the past year than ever before. Sold by bottle or case lots, and delivered to all parts of the city.
TELEPHONE 136.

JOHN M. JULIEN,
REAL ESTATE,
Town Lots, Houses and Land for sale. Also for Help Wanted, call at No. 8, I. B. Countryman Block.

$10 TO $25 PER DAY ONE OPEN DOOR TO PROSPERITY.
We have something to sell that brings good times to all concerned. We desire an energetic man in every town to introduce the best thing on earth. It is an absolute necessity which housekeepers must have and with which they are not yet supplied.
NO HUMBUG. Requires no lying nor deception; a minister can conscientiously embark in it and will make a fortune. It is also adapted to ladies. They nearly always succeed.
No canvassing required. You can sell it at home, for as soon as it is known that you have it you will have at once a money-making business. Its demand is increasing and universal. The average profits are from $100 to $800 per month. It is an article of great merit that can be handled on a large or small scale with 400 per cent. profit.
Send us your address; we will at once forward to you, by mail, full particulars and information free of cost. We only establish one agent in a place and desire to secure the proper agents at the start. We help those who wish to get started.
You must act at once if you hope to get an agency, as they are being rapidly taken. It's a brand new thing. One of our best agents writes he has cleared $3,060 in six months. We have and give exclusive control of territory. Write at once. **Be accurate about names and addresses.** Write to
The McCausland Mfg. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS
Personally Conducted.
Leave Chicago Every Wednesday.
Burlington Route to Denver, thence via Denver & Rio Grand Ry. (the scenic line of the world). Parties travel in Pullman tourist sleeping cars fitted with every convenience, which go through to California and are in charge of special agents of long experience. For particulars address T. A. GRADY, Excursion Mgr. C. B. & Q. R. R. 21 Clark St. Chicago, Ill. 81&41 mo 2*

Thurston's PILLS
THURSTON CHEMICAL COMPANY GRAND RAPIDS OHIO
Are perfect health jewels, never known to distress but infallible to relieve. When every thing else has failed to bring you relief for headache, biliousness, stomach and liver complaints ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for THURSTON'S PILLS. By mail 25 cents per package.



St. Louis & San Francisco R.R.
THROUGH CAR ROUTE
BETWEEN
ST. LOUIS
AND
SPRINGFIELD
JOPLIN PITTSBURG
WICHITA
EUREKA SPRINGS
FT. SMITH PARIS
DALLAS
SAN ANTONIO
HOUSTON
GALVESTON
Solid Vestibuled Trains with Pullman Sleepers and Reclining Chair Cars. Harvey Dining Halls
Maps, time tables and full information furnished upon application to
M. SCHULTER, Gen'l Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.
GEO. T. NICHOLSON, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, ST. LOUIS, MO.

CORNELL CONFESSES HIS CRIME.

Mysterious Butchery of Children at Oconomowoc Cleared Up.

Oconomowoc, Wis., Nov. 30.—Ernest Cornell has confessed that it was he who slaughtered his two innocent children one week ago last Saturday morning, and that after committing the deed he attempted suicide, and thus is cleared away the cloud which overhung with mystery one of the most bloody crimes ever known in this county. The victims of Cornell's rash act were a son, Willie, aged 6 years, and a daughter, Lillie, aged 4, and they were killed with blows from a hammer on the head, after which he cut their throats. Deputy Sheriff Palmer, Dr. Wilkinson and Charles Glidden all testified that Cornell confessed to them that he committed the bloody deed.

Cornell said: "I have tried to tell all I know about it. I was under the influence of liquor. Everything goes to show that I did it. I have often wished myself out of the way, and wished the children had not been born. I have been jealous of another man, but he is married and has a family; will not mention his name. * * * I heard Lewis say to Mrs. Cornell that 'if he [meaning Cornell] was only out of the way we might have a good time.' I think she gave me the whisky to keep me good-natured. * * * I am not doing this to protect my wife." The coroner's jury recommended that Cornell be arrested for the murder of his children.

Monument to Gen. John Gibbon.

Milwaukee, Nov. 30.—The committee of the Iron brigade having in charge the raising of money necessary to pay for the proposed monument to the commander of the brigade, General John Gibbon, has issued an appeal to members of the brigade to contribute enough money to pay for the completion of the monument. The cost delivered in Washington will be $1,200. One payment of $300 has been made and another one will be due in two months.

Blacklisted Men Organized.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Former railroad employes, and employes of various corporations at Chicago—mostly those who struck when called upon by the A. R. U. in the Debs' strike—met Sunday and perfected a temporary organization to be known as the "Blacklisted Association of America," the purpose being to prosecute damage claims against the railroad companies.

Start on the Appropriations.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Work on the appropriation bills for the coming session of congress was formally started yesterday when a sub-committee of the house appropriations committee began consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

Three Men Lose Their Lives.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 30.—Henry J. Courtney, engineer of the tunnel engine; Arthur Dunn, conductor, and John Dalton, brakeman, were asphyxiated in the Grand Trunk railway tunnel here Sunday night. The fatal gas came from the hard coal used in the locomotives.

Robbed by a Trusted Employe.

Milwaukee, Nov. 30.—Arthur Young, president of the Benjamin Young Saddlery company, states that goods valued at fully $5,000 have been stolen from the company by William H. Urke, a confidential employe. Urke is under arrest.

State Normal School Burned.

River Falls, Wis., Nov. 30.—The River Falls state normal school was burned last night. Loss, $75,000; insurance, $55,000. A good share of the library and pianos and furniture in the kindergarten were saved.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

P. B. Updike, of Litchfield, Ills., ex-member of the legislature, dropped dead Sunday.

Rev. Frank DeWitt Talmage, of Chicago, thinks the hangman's noose is the proper remedy for the hold-up evil.

"Poney" Moore rescued four persons from death in a burning building at Dearborn court and Twenty-first street, Chicago.

Many cattle are dying near Spring Green, Wis., from a mysterious disease. The state veterinarian will investigate the matter.

A New York World special declares that General Weyler killed and starved to death while he was governor general 500,000 Cubans.

At the horse sale at Lexington, Ky., a yearling thoroughbred by Rayon d'Or, out of the famous race mare Sallie McClelland sold for $8,000.

The books of the defunct banks at English, Marengo and Leavenworth, Ind., show money enough to pay all the claims and leave $25,000 over.

Mrs. Kate E. Johnson, of Norton, Kas., has been elected county treasurer on the Republican ticket. She owns two good farms, and manages them profitably.

There is a great scarcity of all kinds of labor in the woods at Crystal Falls, Mich., especially of tiemakers. Mine operators also complain of a scarcity of men.

The Detroit Chamber of Commerce building will be sold at auction tomorrow to satisfy a mortgage of $430,000 held by the New York Life Insurance company.

By a vote of 41 to 5 the delegates to the Central Trades and Labor union of St. Louis placed itself on record as being opposed to further restriction of immigration.

The Albany Journal says that Louis W. Pratt, collector of internal revenue for the Albany district, has been peremptorily removed from office, because he is $18,000 short.

Up to date President McKinley has received 121,500 seekers for a place in the government service. Out of that number he has rewarded exactly 1,565—say, one man in eighty.

The town of Farmland, Ind., was threatened with total destruction by fire Sunday night, but the Muncie fire department succeeded in limiting the fire to six business houses, including the postoffice. Total loss, $25,000; insurance light.

Dr. Augustus Charles Mendenhall, "Indian doctor," held at Jackson, Mich., to answer to the charge of bigamy, is said to have eleven step-mothers and his wife eleven mothers-in-law, his father having been married that number of times.

A sample of the rock from the Tharmaehan farm near Thorp, Wis., supposed to contain a great amount of silver, was sent to La Platte, Colo., for assay. The result shows that there is not a particle of gold, silver or copper in the rock.

LASHED BY A TEMPEST

Britain's Coasts Are Strewn with the Victims of the Raging Ocean.

SHIPS OVERWHELMED BY THE SEA

Go Down with Their Human Freight All Around the Island—High Tides Flood the Land and Do Immense Damage to All Kinds of Property—Hundreds Have Probably Found an Ocean Grave—Some Details of the Devastation.

London, Nov. 30.—The latest reports from various points along the coast show that the gale which swept English waters Sunday and Sunday night, and which had not abated its fury up to noon yesterday, was one of the worst storms of recent years. In many places it was almost cyclonic in its violence and the long list of disasters includes a large loss of life, many wrecks of large vessels and the loss of scores, if not hundreds, of smaller craft, with serious damage to property ashore at many important towns. In the north the wind was accompanied by blinding snow and hail that hid the lights and immensely increased the difficulties of navigation. Many ships are known to have foundered, in many cases, it is feared, with all on board. Scarcely a town on the coast has escaped without more or less injury, falling walls and flying debris adding to the loss of life.

Five Vessels and Crews Go Down.

There have been rocket and lifeboat rescues almost without number. Stories of thrilling escapes come from all points. On the Norfolk coast between Bacton and Happisburg five vessels as yet unidentified went down, and the crews of all perished. A number of bodies have been washed ashore near Yarmouth. The brig Rugby was wrecked off Hemsby. The coast guard service made desperate efforts to save the crew and succeeded in getting a line on board. A dying woman was "rocketed" in safety, and then the brig capsized, all the rest of the ship's company perishing. A large steam collier dashed upon Flamborough Head, the famous promontory on the North sea coast, floated off and then foundered with all on board. A steamer not yet identified was wrecked on Bridlington sands with her entire company.

High Tides Flood the Land.

Sunday evening the steamer Ross, of Devon, Captain Davis, went on the rocks near Redruth, Cornwall, where she pounded all night long, the crew of twelve perishing. Yesterday morning the bodies of the captain and five seamen, all wearing life belts, were washed ashore. Phenomenally high tides are reported in many localities. The district near the mouth of the Thames has suffered severely, several townships being partly submerged. The Sheerness dockyard and the Woolwich arsenal were inundated.

FLOOD INVADES THE ARSENAL.

Soldiers to the Rescue of Ammunition—Death's Boom on Goodwin Sands.

At Liverpool the squalls blew off the roofs of several houses, threw down chimneys and tore up trees. The Mersey flooded its banks on the Chester side and deluged the shore district for miles. Similar disasters occurred at Holyhead, where a number of valuable yachts were sunk at their moorings. Scarcely a vestige remains of the wreck of Lord Nelson's old flagship, the Foudroyant, long fast in the sands off Blackpool. The scenes at such popular resorts as Yarmouth and Margate were of great grandeur, but the damage done was enormous. Tremendous seas still invade the gardens of the hotels and residences, wrecking the parades and buildings, while much debris is floating about.

Immense damage has been done to the government property at the Sheerness dock yard and the Woolwich arsenal. Seven thousand troops were hurriedly ordered out yesterday to remove thousands of pounds worth of ammunition and stores from the wharves and sheds to places of safety. The tide continued to rise and invaded almost all its workshops, quenched the engine fires and stopped the electric lights. The workmen were obliged to go home, wading knee deep. Despite all the precautions damage to the amount of many thousands of pounds has been done. At Sheerness and Queensboro, two miles away, hundreds of acres have been submerged, scores of cellars flooded and 200 yards of the Sheerness pier have been swept away.

The boom of distress from Goodwin sands has been almost continuous. Below London bridge the low lying houses and cellars are flooded and all work is temporarily suspended along the Thames even as high as Charing Cross. The continual rising of the river is looked upon as ominous, though as yet no damage has been done above London bridge. Six vessels were wrecked between Yarmouth and Bacton, only a few miles apart on the Norfolk coast, and twenty-five lives lost.

South Carolina Libeled by a Faker.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 30.—The report that Nathan Willis, colored, the murderer of a young white man named Stephens, was lynched by burning was not correct. It was published by both morning papers here in good faith, being furnished as a special telegram from Southport. Willis is safely lodged in the Horry (S. C.) county jail at Conway.

Official Vote of Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 30.—The official count for Kentucky was made yesterday. The totals for 1896 were: McKinley, 218,171; Bryan, 217,000; Palmer and Buckner, 5,114. The totals for this year are: Bailey, Rep., 169,678; Shackelford, Dem., 187,482; Hindman, gold Dem., 9,583; Parker, Pop., 7,374; Wallace, Pro., 1,783.

Printers Arrested in Cuba.

Havana, Nov. 30.—The foreman, machinist and the compositors of the printing office of El Comercio have been arrested for trying to publish clandestinely an editorial of El Correo, of Madrid, the publication or circulation of which had been prohibited.

Republican Nominated at Boston.

Boston, Nov. 30.—The Republican convention last night unanimously nominated Edwin M. Curtis for mayor.

ESCANABA DOCKS ON FIRE.

Two of a Schooner's Crew Lost and Property Worth $350,000 in Ashes.

Escanaba, Mich., Nov. 30.—Late last night a fire broke out on the steamer Nahanta, and before it could be controlled it spread to the ore docks, the largest in the world. Two of the crew of the steamer are known to be lost and several others are injured. The steamer was lying at the dock loading ore and was only partially loaded. From the steamer the fire spread to dock No. 4, which was partly loaded with ore and lumber. The lumber was soon a mass of flames and from this it spread to the next dock. At midnight two docks were on fire and tremendous efforts were being made to save the other two which comprise the group. At 1:30 a. m. the fire had not been controlled. The loss will probably reach $350,000.

FROM CHICAGO TO THE SEA.

Railway That Will Carry a Great Portion of the Products of the West.

Findlay, O., Nov. 30.—John Jacob Astor and other directors of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western railway held a meeting here yesterday afternoon. The supposed object is to consider the matter of the extension of this line eastward from Findlay. Vice President Harahan, together with other Illinois Central officials, were also in attendance at the meeting. A survey has been made for an extension of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western road from its present western terminus at Fort Wayne to a junction with the Illinois Central twenty-five miles south of Chicago.

When this is accomplished the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western will become a great trunk railroad over whose tracks will pass a large portion of the products of the great west on their way to the seaboard. It is believed that the road will become the eastern outlet for an immense system of the Illinois Central railroad. A survey of a line from Fort Wayne to Kankakee, Ills., has been made, forming a line east and west. From one terminus to the other the line will be as straight as the crow flies and the grade will be confined to fifteen feet to the mile, making it the straighest and levelist railroad in the country.

Financial Situation as It Appears.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The treasury deficit for the fiscal year stands at $46,581,120, the receipts having been $127,791,160 and the expenditures $174,282,280. The receipts from customs so far this fiscal year undoubtedly will fall considerably short of the estimates made by the managers of the new tariff bill during its pendency in congress. At that time it was estimated that customs would yield about $180,000,000 during the first year. The indications now are said to be that the receipts from this source will not aggregate more than $165,000,000.

Bishop's House Is Church Property.

Milwaukee, Nov. 30.—Archbishop Katzer won a victory over the municipality in his suit against the city of Milwaukee and City Treasurer Milbrath to have the tax levied against his official residence declared illegal. Judge Fish, of Racine, who occupied the bench in place of Judge Johnson, decided that the city had no right to tax the diocesan residence, because, notwithstanding it was listed in the bishop's name, he only held it in trust for the church.

Unearthing of a Prehistoric Village.

Portsmouth, O., Nov. 30.—For years freshets in the Ohio river have washed away the "Blue Banks" near here between Lawson's Run and Munn's Run, and revealed human skeletons. Yesterday an examination of a fresh caving away of the banks disclosed two perfect chimneys, with hearthstones on which were wood ashes. It is no doubt the remains of a prehistoric village.

Belleville Strike Continues.

St. Louis, Nov. 30.—After being in session all day the delegates to the convention of the Belleville district miners voted to inform the arbitration committee of the St. Louis Manufacturers' association that they had nothing to arbitrate and the strike would still continue.

Dr. Starch Is Vindicated.

Miles, Mich., Nov. 30. — Dr. L. F. Starch, village president of Allegan, who was arrested charged with stealing $2,000 worth of goods from E. T. Van Ostrand's drug store, was acquitted and completely exonerated at his trial.

The Weather We May Expect.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Following are the weather indications for twenty-four hours from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Indiana and Illinois—Fair, warmer weather; northerly winds, becoming variable. For Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair, warmer weather; light variable winds. For Iowa—Fair weather; variable winds.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

Chicago Nov. 29.

Following were the quotations on the Board of Trade today: Wheat—December, opened 97½c, closed 96⅝c; January, opened 92¼c, closed 91½c; May, opened 91⅝c, closed 90⅝c. Corn—December, opened 25⅞c, closed 25½c; May, opened 29½c, closed 29⅛c. Oats—December, opened, 20½c, closed 20⅜c; May, opened 22c, closed 21⅞c. Pork—December, opened $7.27½, closed $7.22½; January, $8.22½, closed $8.17½; May, opened $8.45, closed $8.42½. Lard—December, opened $4.12½, closed $4.10; January, opened $4.25, closed $4.22½.

Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 21c per lb; extra dairy, 19c; fresh packing stock, 11@12c. Eggs—Fresh stock, 18c per dozen. Dressed Poultry—Turkeys, 9@10c per lb; chickens, 6½@7c; ducks, 7@7½c. Potatoes—Northwestern, 45@52 per bu. Sweet Potatoes—Jerseys, $4.00@4.25 per bbl.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Nov. 29.

Hogs—Estimated receipts for the day, 40,000; sales ranged at $3.00@3.50 for pigs, $3.35@3.55 for light, $3.20@3.35 for rough packing $3.30@3.60 for mixed and $3.35@3.60 heavy packing and shipping lots. Cattle—Estimated receipts for the day, 16,000; quotations ranged at $5.00@5.45 for choice to extra shipping steers, $4.50@5.00 good to choice do., $4.30@4.85 fair to good, $4.00@4.40 common to medium do., $3.70@4.20 butchers' steers, $3.15@4.00 stockers, $3.70@4.40 feeders, $1.70@3.80 cows, $2.60@4.50 heifers, $2.25@4.00 bulls oxen and stags, $2.90@4.00 Texas steers, $3.30@4.35 western rangers, and $3.50@6.60 veals calves. Sheep and Lambs—Estimated receipts for the day, 15,000; quotations ranged at $3.60@4.75 westerns, $2.10@4.90 natives and $4.25@5.85 lambs.

Milwaukee Grain.

Milwaukee, Nov. 29.

Wheat—Weak; No. 1 northern, 90c; No. 2 spring, 87c; May, 90⅝c. Corn—Steady; No. 3, 26½c. Oats—Weak; No. 2, 42c; sample, 25@39c.

FOURTH YEAR.

CHRONIC • DISEASE • CURED!

The day of so-called "incurable diseases" is past. Owing to the great advances made in science and inventions within the past few years, there is now hardly a disease that cannot be successfully coped with by a great physician properly equipped with the genius and knowledge to properly diagnose the case, and the newly invented and improved surgical instruments and medicines used, in treatment.

DR. PRETTYMAN,

The Famous Specialist of Chicago, will again be in

Dixon, Ill., Thursday, December 2nd,

At the NACHUSA HOUSE, 9 a. m to 9 p m.
Returning every four weeks.



DR. PRETTYMAN is one of the greatest specialists in an age of specialty. Added to a great natural inclination, amounting almost to genius, for the investigation of the cause, effects and cure of diseases, he has had the benefits of an education at the greatest medical college in America, and subsequent experience and practice in the hospitals of all the great cities of the East. His thoroughly practical and modern treatment of particular classes of disease, have gained for him a reputation and standing of wide recognition. He is one of the world's greatest healers, has long been recognized as such and is not even yet at the zenith of his powers.

NERVOUS DISEASES A SPECIALTY.

Do you have Ringing in the Ear?
Hawking and Spitting?
Headache and Dizziness?
Bad Breath?
Difficultly in Breathing?
Dropping of Mucus?

IF SO, YOU HAVE CATARRH!

BEWARE! Catarrh, if allowed to go on, leads to Chronic Dyspepsia, Consumption and Death

DR. PRETTYMAN can cure you soon and easily by a positive, painless method, used by him with invariable success in thousands of cases.

Diseases of the Eye and Ear nearly all originate with Catarrh. If your case is curable, Dr. Prettyman will tell you so, and cure you.

A WORD TO MEN: To those who are suffering from one or more of the various forms of Nervous Debility, resulting in some or all of the following symptoms:

BLOTCHES, PIMPLES, INVOLUNTARY EMISSIONS, LOSS OF MEMORY, PREMATURE DECLINE OF POWER, ETC.

(A private, quick and *confidential* treatment without detention from business.)

Varicocele, Syphilis (blood poisoning), *Spermatorhoea, Stricture, Pains in the Back, etc., etc.,* cured soon and permanently.

WEAK WOMEN: Why remain so longer. Under skillful treatment, *Profuse, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Laceration, Ulceration, Ovarian Difficulties, etc., etc.,* will speedily disappear. *Sterility* (Barrenness) is not a permanent condition. You can be cured, thus bringing happiness to yourself and others, fulfilling your natural function, and making home what it should be.

All Cases Held in Strict Confidence.

You will be treated promptly, honestly and honorably, at reasonable charges.

Free CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION Free

DR. PRETTYMAN, 573 East 43rd street, Chicago, Illinois

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

WE DO NOT CLAIM

The World with a Fence around it, but we do claim that

Blatz Beer

The STAR Milwaukee

Is distinctly a leader in purity and quality. A strong claim you say? Well, drink the beer and you will find our claim both modest and truthful

CALL FOR BLATZ. SEE THAT "BLATZ" IS ON THE CORK.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.
Albert Null, Dixon, Ill., Wholesale Dealer.

JOB PRINTING!

Envelopes, Notes,
Note Heads, Checks,
Letter Heads, Tickets,
Bill Heads, Invitations,
Statements, Cards,
Receipts, Programes

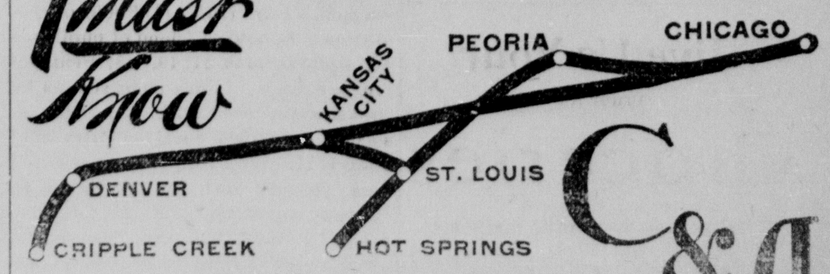
EVERYTHING! ANYTHING!

From a calling card to an elegant bound book. Call and examine stock and get prices.

THE TELEGRAPH OFFICE

You Must Know

That the best line from Chicago to CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO, and all points shown in the



accompanying map is the Chicago & Alton Railroad.

Write or call to-day, for lowest rates and full particulars. Robert Somerville, General Agent Passenger Department, 101 Adams Street, Marquette Building, Chicago, Illinois.

WOOD! WOOD!

I am prepared to furnish the very best wood, in chunks (just the thing for chunk stoves) also sawed and split or by cord length.

And Coal!

You will find that I have nothing but the best. I have some kindling too that is sawed ready for the stove.

Yours Truly,

John E. Moyer,

Office N. Crawford Av. Res. Phone 1384 Office Phone 1382

A. B. CHASE PIANO.



Colonial in Design

There is no experiment in buying the A. B. Chase Piano. It's record has been remarkable and tells the whole story.

See this artistic piano at

T. J. MILLER'S

MUSIC STORE,

160 Galena Ave.

Wm. C. Godfrey's

is the place to get the best

Eastern Buckwheat,

straight from the fields of New York,

.....and.....

Maple Syrup

made from the finest quality of Vermont Maple Sap.

Telephone No. 62.

Wanted!

Every farmer in Lee Co. to see our

$1.00	Horse Blanket at		45c
$1.25	"	"	75c
$2.00	"	"	$1.25
$2.50	"	"	$1.50
$3.00	"	"	$2.00
$5.00	"	"	$3.00

Our $25.00 Russian Dog Coat at..$11.85
Fur Robes at.....$3.25 up

You will buy if you see them.

D. B. AYRES' OLD STAND,

First Door South of Opera House.

GEO. SHAVER,



Livery and Boarding Stable

Wagonetts for Picnic Parties a Specialty.

113 First Street, Telephone 34.

Give Us Your

order for

Groceries

and get the best in the market.

Don't Forget

we handle the best Oysters and Celery. Every quart of cysters solid meat.

D. J. DENNY,

53 First Street.

Telephone 57.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

SHAW & SON, EDITORS.

PUBLISHED BY

B. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered at Dixon P. O. as Second-class matter

TERMS:

Per Week.....10cts | Per Year.....$5.00

DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

C. H. STACKPOLE, MANAGER.

Telephone.....Number 5

DIXON, ILL., NOVEMBER 30, 1897.

NOTES ON THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSON.

PREPARED BY IRA W. LEWIS, DIXON.

LESSON 10, DEC. 5, 1897. I. PHIL. 2: 1-11

CHRIST'S HUMILITY AND EXALTATION.

The Epistle to the Philippians was the last of four letters written by Paul from Rome, during his first imprisonment.

Time of writing:—Spring of A. D. 63, about eleven years after planting the church.

Philippi was the "chief city of Macedonia; and a colony:" Acts 16: 12, and was the scene of Paul's first labors in Europe. No other church founded by Paul had shown such devotion to him; three times before his imprisonment had they voluntarily sent contributions to his necessities—once in Corinth (II. Cor. 11: 9) and twice while he was at Thessalonica (Phil 4: 16) and now, in his imprisonment at Rome; this church sends a messenger 500 miles with a message of love and a supply for his want; ch. 4: 18. No wonder the letter he writes is full of affectionate utterances; but Paul learns from the messenger (Epaphroditus) that some little strife and dissension had entered the church; ch. 4: 2; so Paul exhorts them concerning Christian unity.

V. 1. If Christ be in us "the hope of glory" (Col. 1: 27) there will be consolation (II. Thes. 2: 16) and "the God of all comfort" will comfort us "in all our tribulation" (II. Cor. 1: 3-5). "Fellowship" suggests participation, companionship, close union and sympathy. Note the honor this fellowship secures for us, and that it comes from walking in the light: I. John 1: 3 and 7. By "bowels and mercies" is meant tenderness and compassion.

The five qualities or graces described in this verse are gifts of the Spirit, within the reach of every Christian. Note the four bonds of union. (1) Oneness in Christ; (2) fellowship in Christ; (3) mutual love; (4) personal sympathy. What will promote these? I. Pet. 3: 8-9.

V. 2. Presuming that the fruits of the Spirit, just mentioned, abounded. Paul exhorts them to complete his joy by being harmonious and united; further on (ch. 4: 2) he pleads with the two leaders in the strife to drop their differences and be of one mind.

V. 3. Selfishness, in some form, is always at the root of strife, contention and self exaltation. Jesus taught that he who is worthy in the sight of God is he who is most helpful to others. Mat. 20: 26-27. Paul, the great apostle, was humble, Eph. 3: 8. "Before honor is humility," Prov. 15: 33, and "he that humbleth himself shall be exalted," Luke 14: 11.

V. 4. The teaching of this verse is that we should care for and promote the interests of others—instead of living for self alone. Nothing so tends to broaden and strengthen character, as helpfulness; and this is true in every department of our being. ("My light is none the less for lighting my neighbors.") If the world is a brotherhood, the church is a family, having common interests, each one benefitted by the general advancement, and each suffering from any failure or defeat; so that helping others, is benefitting self in the truest sense; besides obeying the precept in Gal. 6: 2. (Selfishness would unearth and reveal the faults which charity covers.)

V. 6. Jesus Christ was God manifested (I Tim. 3: 16 John 1: 1, 2 and 14 and I. Jno. 1: 1 and 2.) possessing the attributes of God, some of which, at least, he laid by, for the purposes of atonement and redemption. Did you ever stop to think in how many ways the life of Jesus was a rebuke to every form of pride? e. g. (1) Pride of rank,—"the carpenter's son" Mat. 13: 55. (2) Pride of respectability, "Can any good thing come out of Nazareth?" John 1: 46. (3) Pride of learning, "How knoweth this man letters, having never learned," John 7: 15. (4) Pride of reputation, "Behold a friend of publicans and sinners" Mat. 11: 19. (5) Pride of independence, "I am among you as he that seweth," see 22: 27. (6) Pride of success, "His own received Him not" John 1: 11. (7) Pride of self-will. "I seek not my own will." John 5: 30. Pride of resentment, "Father, forgive them," Luke 23: 34, and even now—though glorified and in heaven he condescends to "stand at the door (of our hearts) and knock," Rev. 3: 20. Ponder upon the extent of Christ's humiliation:—the "Bread of Life" hungered; the "Water of Life," thirsted; the "Strength of Israel" was wearied; the Sovereign of the universe became a servant and the world's redeemer was himself sold. (The "whole burnt offering" was a type of Christ's self sacrifice; so complete was it.)

A servant (slave) had no political standing, nor any position or rights as a citizen; if injured he had no redress; if assaulted, no protection.

We cannot appreciate Christ's humility and condescension until we know his glory and exaltation.

V. 9. Because of his voluntary humiliation and self-sacrifice, He has been highly exalted, Eph. 1: 20, 22 and Heb. 1: 4.

Vs. 10, 11. What a wonderful declaration. At His name every knee shall bow, of things in heaven (angels) in earth (men) and under the earth (devils) all shall bow; not that all these will be His worshippers and disciples, but all shall confess His power and authority; and the confession, whether willingly or unwillingly made, will glorify God.

The tenth verse, in the Wyckliff bible (A. D. 1380) reads "That in the name of Jesus ech knee be bowed, of hevenle thingis, of erthli thingis and of hellis," while the Rheims bible (A. D. 1528) has it: "That in the name of Jesu every knee bow of the celestials, terrestrrils and infernals."

Probable Position of Congress Toward Cuba and Hawaii.

A Washington correspondent who claims to have special avenues of information, in writing of the nation's probable foreign policy with regard to Cuban independence and Hawaiian annexation, says:

The session of Congress now about opening will be one of unusual importance, as it will be brought face to face with questions of the gravest consequence pertaining to both foreign and domestic politics. First of all, the Cuban question is certain to come up for some action at a regular stage of the session, and it is not believed that any consideration of conservation can prevent some sort of recognition for the struggling insurgents. At the extra session a large majority of both houses favored such action, and it was only restrained in the Houses because that body was not fully organized, being without laws or rules and wholly under the control of the Speaker. The fact that the administration has favored delay, and is still exerting itself in favor of that policy, does not signify that President McKinley is opposed to Cuba or more friendly to Spain than becomes the head of the Government towards another nation with whom we have no quarrel. I predict, however, that belligerency will be recognized before the session of Congress is many weeks old, and that there will be no war. The outcome of the Hawaiian annexation question is far more doubtful. At the extra session many influential Senators of both parties were opposed to the treaty, and it is understood that they have gained rather than lost strength since adjournment, though Senator Morgan has just returned from a tour of investigation prepared to strongly advocate annexation. The vote in the Senate will be close, unless some unexpected development interposes, and there is quite as much danger of troublesome complications growing out of that affair as from our course towards Cuba.

Practical Tariff Lesson.

The Sandoval Times published in the heart of the fruit district, judges of the situation as it actually exists today:

"We are a non-partisan paper, but the following is true and we give it as a matter of news. Last fall a speaker in the rink made the statement that were the Republicans successful in their campaign, and if they got control of this government and passed any bills restoring the duty on apples that Sandoval would be the first to feel it. The Republicans were successful and they did pass the tariff bill in which was restored the McKinley tariff on apples 25 cents per bushel or 75 cents per barrel. Listen, Mr. Farmer and Mr. Fruit Grower, we have an apple buyer in Sandoval who last year and year before bought apples in Canada, paying 7 cents per barrel duty. This year the duty is 75 cents per barrel and he is here buying apples and paying good prices for them. The buyer himself says he could not buy in Canada this year because of the 75 cents per barrel tariff. This is a practical tariff lesson and one that goes to our own homes and comes right here to prove itself."

Not Satisfied.

Adjutant-General Reece of Illinois is not satisfied with the statement of Adjutant-General Wright of Iowa that the arms of that state were not brought into this state on the occasion of the Fulton fiasco and he says:

"Let me say, though, that Governor Tanner is satisfied that the arms were brought into Illinois, and he expects the state of Iowa to deal with the breach of military discipline as it should, but he will not permit it to stop here. The state of Iowa will again have her attention called to the outrage her troops have perpetrated on Illinois soil."

Haven't these naughty boys yet gotten beyond the jacket and knickerbocker age, when it was "You did!" "I didn't!" "Yes, you did!" "You darsn't knock a chip off my shoulder!"

A Safe Guess.

"How old would you guess her to be?"

"Oh, about 25 would be a safe guess."

"She's surely older than that."

"I said 25 would be a safe guess. It is always safer to underguess a woman's age. She may hear of it."—Indianapolis Journal.

DIAMOND MINING.

Rigid Precautions to Prevent Gem Stealing—Stolidity of the Workers.

In this part of the world it is hardly safe to have a diamond unless you can show that you brought it with you into the country or have purchased it of a licensed dealer. Time was when receivers of the lowest order came here from all parts, and bought the stone from the workers. I. D. B. (illicit diamond buying) attained such proportions that one-half of all the gems produced, it was computed, were stolen, the money value being reckoned at from £500,000 to £1,000,000 every year. Stringent enactments have reduced the evil so far as the white hands are concerned, and yet, whatever purloining exists, it must, in the main, be charged to their account, since they may reside where they choose; whereas the 8,000 colored people are strictly confined to their inclosures or "compounds," during the three or six months that they spend at the works.

"The greatest outlet for stolen diamonds," says Mr. Gardner Williams satirically, "is through the Transvaal to Natal, where they are shipped by 'respectable merchants,' who turn a deaf ear to any information from the diamond fields to the effect that they are aiding the sale of stolen property." When the natives leave, they are rigorously examined, and yet now and then Johnnie manages somehow to take away a few carats. One of his little dodges is to hide the stone near a post. "Here stands a post," says he, "and I shall know where to find it." Occasionally he discovers that the board is gone before he quits the compound, but he never complains. The boys have their virtues. They work hard, and they face emergencies like men. Some years ago a number of them were cut off in the workings by a fire in the shaft. They soon realized that death by burning or suffocation was certain. Calmly they met their fate—no panic, no howling or shrieking, no imprecations. They lighted their pipes and sat down by the walls of the tunnel and inhaled the soothing nicotine until the fumes of the irrespirable air took away consciousness. To be men, says the German poet, one must learn to bear the inevitable with dignity. These darkies were men. Curiously, the Zulu, bravest of his race in the field, is the timidest in the mine. He has too much imagination; he peoples its darkness, its silence, its echoes with spiritual beings.—Kimberley Cor. London Telegraph.

THREE CLASSES.

According to Which the General Public In England Have to Pay.

"Well, you see, sir," said a rather pretty girl all in black, save a wide white collar and natty white cuffs, "we know our customers by what they ask for, sir. What I mean is that if any one comes in and asks for a 'number' we know he is a 'commercial' and charge him two and six. On the other hand, if he asks for a 'bed,' we know he is a business man or a professional man, and the charge is three and six, but if he asks, as you did, for a bedroom, we know he belongs to the gentry, and we charge him accordingly."

"Exactly," I replied. "So you charged me accordingly."

The bookkeeper barmaid or barmaid bookkeeper smiled, and I realized that in country hotels or inns in England every one was classified, as in everything else English, into three classes. So firmly is this three class business imbedded in the British mind that there are even three distinct rates for cemetery accommodations, first, second and third. In this case, however, you are not left to the judgment of the clerk or superintendent in charge, but classified according to the rent of your dwelling house. For example, if you live in a house paying £50 a year rent you must die first class and pay first class burial rates for everything, from the sexton who digs your grave to the parson who reads the burial service over your remains. Under £40 to £20 or possibly less you may have the privilege of second class prices for practically the same accommodation and service, but if the rent you pay is less than this then you are entitled to the joyous economy of a third class funeral.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

When Lawyers Were Scarce.

In the year 1829, under the authority of the state of New York, an enumeration of the lawyers entitled to practice at the state or local courts was made. The regulations for admission to the bar at that time were simple and easy to comply with. Nevertheless there were found to be only 3 lawyers on Staten Island, 13 in Westchester, 60 in Albany and 45 in Onondaga. Monroe county had not then attained the distinction which it has had since the growth of Rochester into a city, and it had within its borders only 17 lawyers, while Columbia county, which has since given to the bar of the state many learned jurists, had 32 and Dutchess county 52. The people of Long Island were even less inclined to litigation then than they are now, for in the whole of Suffolk county there were 6 lawyers only, in Queens county there were but 2, and in Kings county (it is very different now) there were 3 only.

In Broome county there were 5 lawyers, in Greene 21, in Putnam 3, in Steuben 12 and in Tioga 14. But perhaps the lawyer of that period who enjoyed what might in these days be called an easy snap was the one member of the New York bar who resided in Orleans county. After 1820 there was a large increase of lawyers in New York state, and in 1834 they numbered 2,084.—New York Sun.

Marriage Customs.

"That is a curious custom they have in some of the south sea islands," said Mr. Wallace, "of marrying a girl to a tree or some inanimate object, which is supposed to act as a sort of scapegoat for the shortcomings of the real live husband."

"It is not absolutely unique," said Mrs. Wallace, "for a woman in this country to be married to a stick."

But Mr. Wallace, with the calm superiority of the masculine mind, refused to deem it a personal matter.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Landlubber Puzzled.

We do not understand this reference to the wreck of a submarine boat in New York. She sank at her dock, according to report, but because a submarine boat becomes submarine are we to look upon her as a wreck? Isn't that her business?—Chicago Post.

The largest bog in Ireland is the bog of Allen, which stretches across the center of the island, east of the Shannon, and covers nearly 250,000 acres. Altogether there are nearly 3,000,000 acres of bog in Ireland—that is to say, about one-seventh of the total area of the country is bog.

The Australian dog and the Egyptian shepherd dog never bark.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Cloaks, Blankets, Underwear and Ladies' Dress Skirts!

R. W. THOMPSON,

Cor. Hennepin and 1st St. Successor to Thompson Bros.



Among Other Things.....

This cold weather makes us think of

Nice, Soft, Downy Sofa Pillows!

A new lot just received. Fancy covers or in plain Muslin. Suit yourself at

The Keyes Furniture Rooms,

66 and 68 Main Street, Telephone 161.

Tough on The Shoe!

During the football season the shoe has to stand the blunt of a good deal of a boy's play and rompishness; it can't be otherwise. Boys will be boys and indulge in boyish pleasures, usually giving little thought to the effect hard usage has on their shoes.

Our Shoes Are Built to Last.....

Of course they will wear out sometime, but we believe we offer more value for the money than any house in town. Our prices are low, but it's the quality that tells the story. Fair and square treatment to everybody, and your money back if you're not suited.

The "GOLDEN RULE" Shoe Store,

McCleary & Long's Old Stand. FORD BROS., Managers.



Overstocked!

$1,000 worth of Ladies' Jackets, and Capes, and Misses' and Children's Jackets, must be sold at once. We will give you from 10 to 20 per cent. discount on every garment bought of us this month. Call on us before you buy.

We Mean Business!

J. R. Carpenter,

154 Galena Avenue.

Before Ordering Your

Hard and Soft Coal

Call and and see me, as I handle nothing but the very best. I also handle the OHIO RIVER SOFT COAL.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE.....

Excelsior Patent Chimney Top!

Daniel Curran

408 Depot Ave. Telephone No. 164.

NEW YORK STORE CO.

118 Galena Ave.

Todd's Old Clothing Stand.

Special Household Offerings!

Every housewife needs them and can always find use for one more. We place the price within the reach of everybody.

Steel Enamel Ware.....

Strictly first-class guaranteed.

11 inch Basting Spoon	5c
16 inch Basting Spoon	10c
1½ quart Pudding Pan	10c
2 quart Pudding Pan	14c
4 quart Pudding Pan	15c
6 quart Pudding Pan	20c
1 quart Milk Pan	12c
6 quart Milk Pan	19c
8 quart Milk Pan	22c
10 quart Milk Pan	25c
Shallow Stew Pans	10c to 24c
Deep Sauce Pans	10c to 28c
Deep Preserving Kettles	15c to 28c
Wash Basins	8c to 20c
Berlin Sause Pans	20c to 32c
Stove Pans	28c-38c to 44c

The Above

are a few of the full line we carry.

We Are Not Spasmodic

Price Makers,

but every day and all the time is SPECIAL SALE DAY with us, as our prices are

Positively the lowest that can be made.....

NEW YORK STORE CO.

118 Galena Ave.

FOR SALE!

New dwelling, good lot, West Seventh street. Bargain if taken soon

For Rent!

North half of new double house, High land Park, furnace heat. Also large dwelling and barn at Highland Park.

A. S. Hyde & Co.

Rooms 2 and 3 Opera Block.

COAL!

Hard and Soft.

THE BEST!

H. MAJOR,

Telephone 8.

Brick and Tile Yards.

F. S. Cortright,

GROCER,

No. 8, E. First St.

Have You....

Looked at the Suiting we show? One week only.

A Good Business Suit

Only $10.

Made as ordered.

Chas. A. Todd,

161 Galena Av. Agent

—James Warner is in Chicago.

—Sheriff J. L. Gray has four quiet boarders.

—Patrick Duffy, mayor of Eldena, is here today.

—Mrs. Nina Moore went to Chicago this morning.

—Dixon Lodge No. 29, I. O. O. F. meets tonight.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Long were up from Sublette.

—C. F. Dick of Minneapolis is at the Nachusa House.

—The Sublette Gun Club holds a shoot tomorrow.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. O'Dair are visitors from Woosung.

—Miss. Anna Geisenheimer is in Chicago on business,

—Sup. John Sterling was up from Nelson this morning.

—Will E. Hill is in a very critical condition with fever.

—Atty. C. H. Wooster was here from Amboy this morning.

—Andrew Hatch is slightly better. He has been very ill.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Kilday were down from Woosung.

—W. A. Schuler entertained today W. E. Boyington of Freeport.

—Miss Barge entertained a dozen friends with cards last evening.

—The afternoon whist club will meet with Mrs. E. C. Parsons tomorrow.

—Mrs. E. E. Smith is here on a visit with relatives and old time neighbors.

—Miss Bess Myers has returned to Chicago after a pleasant visit here with relatives.

—Dixon Post No. 299, G. A. R., will hold its annual election of officers Monday, Dec. 13.

—Milton Edelman and wife of Maquoketa, Ia., is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. W. Woolley, at Woosung.

—One seldom sees a larger rat than the one that H. O. Wheeler caugh back of his shop this morning.

—Miss Tennie Stahl of North Dixon gave a birthday party to a number of her young schoolmates yesterday.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Luthern church will meet Thursday afternoon at 2:30 at the parsonage.

—The Vincent Circle meets Thursday evening this week instead of Friday evening at Mrs. J. F. Sandford's.

—The Dixon Club will give a progressive cinque party Thursday night December 9, and a dance on New Year's Eve.

—The sports will not forget Blinn Smith's gun shoot tomorrow. Four hundred pigeons and plenty of targets.

—Mrs. William Blair, who has been ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Chas. Plein, was able to return to Chicago this morning.

—The County Telephone Company now has a telephone at the E. Horner place on the Chicago road near St. James church.

—Mrs. R. L. Shaw, who has been south visiting her son in Kentucky the past six weeks, returned to Dixon yesterday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dollmeyer are nicely settled in their handsome new residence facing Oak Park, North Dixon, on the west.

—The small boy is getting his deadly air gun in shape to slaughter English sparrows, as the sparrow law goes into effect tomorrow, December 1.

—A free literary and musical entertainment will be given this evening at Steinmann's Institute under the auspices of Mrs. A. G. Burnham.

—Rev. H. C. Leland went to Bloomington on the early morning train to attend the annual session of the Baptist Board of State Missions, of which he is a member.

—Deputy Sheriff M. J. McGowan held a sale on a farm in East Grove yesterday and disposed of a quantity of oates and corn in the crib at sixteen cents per bushel each.

—The Thirty-first annual meeting of the Northern Illinois Horticultural society will be held in DeKalb, commencing tomorrow and continuing until Thursday evening.

—Our Hardware merchants, Messrs. Robert Howell, Alexander & Howell, E. Neville, have agreed to close their stores at eight o'clock each evening. This is as it should be.

—The Thursday Reading Circle will meet on Thursday afternoon of this week, December 2nd, at the residence of Mrs. J. W. Reed, jr., corner of Grand avenue and Second street in the West End.

—The lecture on "To and Fro in London," to be delivered as one of the Y. M. C. A. course of entertainments in the opera house Friday night, is spoken of by those who have heard it, as a descriptive lecture of the world's metropolis of unusual merit.

—Congress will convene next Monday, and we shall give our readers a full transcript of President McKinley's message at the earliest possible moment; a very few hours after its delivery.

—You will find folded in this issue of THE TELEGRAPH a bill telling of the appearance tonight at the opera house of the Gilbert Comic Opera Company in "Said Pasha," a beautiful, Persian comic opera.

—William Toole, of Baraboo, Wisconsin, who is a Pansy specialist, is spending today with Prof. J. L. Hartwell, and they go tomorrow to DeKalb where they each have papers to read before the Horticultural society.

—In the last copy of the New York and Chicago Horseman we find this paragraph: "A Canadian buyer is on a still hunt near Dixon, Ill., for a Delmarch colt that will be able next year to measure strides with Ace: 2:09¼.

—The Tucson (Arizona) Daily Citizen of the 26th says, "Geo. O. Blackman, bookkeeper for the Saginaw Mining Company, spent Thanksgiving in the city." C. P. Curran and family, also from Dixon, have moved into Tucson to live.

SUBURBAN SIFTINGS.

Hints and Happenstances in Surrounding Towns and Villages.

EAST INLET.

Nov. 29.—School commenced last Monday with F. Perkins as teacher.

Harry Adams of Shaw called on friends here last Friday.

Still the hay is being pressed and shipped from this place.

Wm. Neel visited his parents in Aurora last week.

Mrs. E. Ford has been in Aurora for some time visiting relatives,

The winter work is nearly done, so the bachelors are improving the time. The Neel brothers have two sisters keeping house for them and C. Conibear is doing his best to secure a wife; while Billy Deutsch has already brought home a bride, and report says his brother Lew will soon follow his example. Success to them all.

TRIXEY.

SUBLETTE.

Nov. 29.—Thanksgiving day passed off quietly. At night some got so happy that they forgot the nursery poem

"Your little hands were never made
To black each other's eyes."

Burt Ingalls of Dixon spent Thanksgiving day at his family home.

C. F. Ingalls and wife have returned to Chicago after a short visit with Major Chas. Ingalls and family.

Miss Lena Brown has returned from an extended visit with relatives in Clarence, Iowa.

Thos. Clark and family have moved to LaMoille.

Joseph Letl, who bought the Philip Mueller saloon property, has shipped his household goods to Sublette and will be at home here in a day or two. Mr. Mueller and family will reside temporarily in the Sile Angier house, recently vacated by Tom Clark.

Henry Michel is putting up a building near his home on Main street, where, under his own roof, he will continue his work as barber and cigar maker.

—Wm. E. Barton's new book, "A Hero in Homespun: a tale of the Loyal South," has arrived. He calls it a novel because the numerous occurrences narrated therein did not all occur in connection nor to the same individual. But like Uncle Tom's Cabin, each incident in the book actually occurred at some time dur the pro-slavery rebellion, mis-called "The civil war." The story is largely written in the vernacular of the uneducated people of the South; the "poor white trash" as the slaveholders used to call them. The book should arouse the loyal people of the Northern states to send preachers and teachers to our less fortunate brethren of the Southern, where many of their native people cannot read the Bible, but "saw the air" and call it preaching, and would brand anyone as "a ninfidel," who taught that the earth is round.

J. B. B.

Pretty Bib For Baby.

A pretty bib for a baby is made of an oblong square of linen not too fine, embroidered with small scattered flowers of pink or blue, single blossoms, worked in wash silks. The edge of the linen is hemstitched with silk to match the flowers, pink or blue, the hem about half an inch wide or less. To make the opening at the neck a cut is made down the middle of one end of the linen the proper length and the edges of the opening also hemstitched and turned back in little lapels which have one or more of the tiny flowers embroidered upon them. To prevent the linen from tearing down at the end of the opening it is worked across with heavy buttonhole stitching with the silk. Ribbons of the pink or blue secured to the bib with a bow tie around the neck and hold the bib in place. This is a dainty and easily made gift for somebody's baby.—New York Times.

Education and Motherhood.

Miss Clara Bostwick, a teacher in Elms school, Springfield Mass., says

"The women of the higher education bring to motherhood a better preparation than do those of smaller opportunities. The reasons for this are both physical and mental. They are, as a rule, older, physically mature, and the opinion is held by some physicians that, for the sake of the physical perfection of the race, no woman should marry until she is 25. They have a wider knowledge of physiological and psychological laws—or they have the ability to acquire it—which must bring forth beneficent fruit in the rearing of their children. They know more profoundly the responsibilities of motherhood, and their realization of the importance of details in the training of a child disposes them to look upon what might seem drudgery to other women as glorified, educational opportunity."

Ten Best Poems.

"Life" sent out questions asking its readers to name the ten best short poems in the English language and the following ten poems received the greatest number of votes:

1. "Elegy in a Country Churchyard," Gray.
2. "Thanatopsis," Bryant.
3. "A Psalm of Life," Longfellow.
4. "The Raven," Poe.
5. "Charge of the Light Brigade," Tennyson.
6. "The Skylark," Shelley.
7. "The Chambered Nautilus," Holmes.
8. "Maud Muller," Whittier.
9. "The Bridge of Sighs," Hood.
10. "Burial of Sir John More," Wolfe.

Awful Experience with Heart Disease.

That Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart works like magic, and cures is proven by the testimony of Mr. L. J. Law, Toronto, Can. "I was so sorely troubled with heart disease that I was unable for 18 months to lie down in bed lest I smother. After taking one dose of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure, I retired and slept soundly. I used one bottle and the trouble has not returned. Sold by A. H Tillson and D. S. Horton

Did you ever shovel snow from a sidewalk? If the snow covered a patent stone walk the shoveling process would be nothing but a delightful pastime. 143tf

A Blue Ticket Sale of Furniture is now on at H. CAMP & SON'S this week. 276tf

Before you buy that suit, overcoat or trousers go and see the fine line of woolens displayed by A. S. FERGUSON. Office over Tillson's. Prices to suit your pocket book. 317tf

L. D. PITCHER has for sale the best and lowest priced Milk Wagons ever shown in Dixon. See them. 26&195tf

Lumber and Millwork direct from manufacturer to consumer at wholesale prices. Good grades, prompt shipments. Chas. H. Mears & Co., Chicago. Bring or send your lists for figures to C. H. UNDERWOOD, Dixon representative, Jordan Block, Room 1. 44&304t24

The Chicago & North-Western Railway is now running a Parlor Car to Cedar Rapids, on train leaving Dixon at 8:44 p. m., and arriving at Cedar Rapids 11:55 p. m.; and to Chicago on train leaving Dixon at 11:00 a. m., and arriving Chicago at 2:20 p. m. This is an improvement in the service that will no doubt be greatly appreciated by the traveling public. For particulars inquire of agents. Sat t4

SPECIAL SALE

At the Leader Millinery Store, 58 First St. In order to induce you to come this week and buy we will inaugurate a special progressive sale on all our Millinery goods, feather and ostrich boas. Big discount given this week. You will find the biggest bargains ever offered by any store in Dixon. Leader Millinery, 58 First St. 324t7

THE HUB CIGAR.

A fresh 10-cent cigar for 5 cents at J. R. Pollock's, 103 Galena Ave. 94tf

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Send five 2-cent stamps to the Rockford Register-Gazette and get the greatest Semi-Weekly paper in Northern Illinois: 2 papers each week—FREE TILL FEB. 1ST, 1898.

Don't miss Chaplain G. R. Vanhorne's letters from southern battle fields now being published in the Rockford Register-Gazette. 47t4&320t6*

Through Cars to California.

Persons contemplating a trip to California should be particular to see that their tickets read via the Northwestern Line, and thus avoid unnecessary changes of cars and delays en-route. Personally conducted excursions to California leave every Thursday. For lowest rates, sleeping car reservations, maps, printed matter and detailed information, inquire of agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Home-Seekers' and Settlers' Tickets, on sale December 7 and 21, via Southern Railroad to points South. A Great System of Railways through a Great Country. Also Winter Excursion Tickets to Florida and other Southern Resorts, sold Daily, via Louisville, Ky., or Cincinnati, O., in connection with Southern Railway and Q. & C. Route.

Write for information to C. A. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.; J. C. BEAM, N. W. Passenger Agent, 80 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.; A. WHEDON, Passenger and Ticket Agent, 216 Fourth Ave., Louisville, Ky. 320 tJan1st

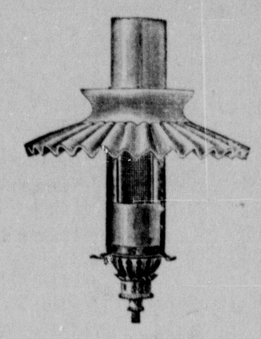
There is no need of little children being tormented by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently. Rowland Bros.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Daylight Incadescent Gas Lamp



Best Gas Lamp in the market and at a moderate cost.

D. S. Horton,

Sole Agent, Dixon, Illinois.

REMEMBER!

Yates & Smith is the place to buy your School Shoes. In fact any thing in the shoe line, or whatever we sell, is always first-class. We have the best $1.75, $2.00 and $2 25 Ladies' Shoe on the market. Try one pair and you will have no other.

YOURS TO PLEASE,

YATES & SMITH,

No 6 East First Street.



An Even Heat

slow combustion, free from slate and dirt, and a moderate price is what each housekeeper wants when they buy

Coal!

That is the kind we want to sell. Our aim being similar, we can come to a satisfactory agreement. We have coal at $3.50 for soft lump, $6.50 and $7.50 per ton for hard coal; each being at the price far superior to any found elsewhere. We deliver free to any part of the city.

L. D. PITCHER, 451 Depot Avenue.

Telephone Number 19.

DAN. DONOVAN'S,

No. 16 First Street. **Telephone 192.**

BEE HIVE

158 Galena Ave. **158 Galena Ave.**



Nothing Succeeds Like Success and Energy!

Experience and hard cash win once more. The grand success of the season You are invited to an early inspection of our surprisingly low priced and very complete stock of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Tinware, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, &c. Prices unequalled, style unsurpassed, assortment the best. Trade with us, it means sure success in securing for yourself the widest range for selection in the latest styles, the most reliable goods and by far the lowest prices. These are facts; our goods and prices prove them.

THE BEE HIVE, 158 Galena Avenue,

EICHLER BROS., Proprietors.

New Holiday Goods Arriving Daily!

WE INVITE YOU to call and see our line of Fancy Goods, Toilet Cases, Albums, Cuff and Collar Boxes, Necktie and Handkerchief Boxes. Goods for all ages and at prices to please everyone.

The Corner Drug Store,

ROWLAND BROS., Druggists.

"FROM FROST TO FLOWERS."

PERHAPS YOU ARE GOING

To CALIFORNIA
To ARIZONA
To TEXAS
To MEXICO.

If so, you will want to go the right way, which is the best way. By the best way we mean

The PLEASANTEST WAY

The MOST COMFORTABLE WAY

The SAFEST WAY.

Investigation will show you that this way is via

NEW ORLEANS

AND THE

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Because its SUNSET LIMITED is The finest and the fastest train across the Continent.

Because its line is the only broad gauge road into Mexico.

Of course you will not see any snow storms if you go to California this way, but your way will lead through a country of wonderful interest and novelty.

Any Southern Pacific Agent will be glad to give you full information. Or, if you prefer to read about it, we have a 205 page book, beautifully illustrated entitled "Through Storyland to Sunset Seas," which we will send you on receipt of 10 cents in stamps to pay postage. It tells all about the Southwest and the Pacific Coast. We have a delightful book on Mexico, entitled "Vamos A Mexico," which we will send to any applicant on receipt of 4 cents. Of course we have plenty of other literature on Louisiana, Texas, Arizona California, dealing with the climate health so iculture, etc.

S. F. B. MORSE,

General Passenger and Ticket Ag't

NEW ORLEANS

128tf

TAKE THE OLD RELIABLE DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS FOR ALL POINTS ON THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI

For ST. PAUL, MINN., and all Points North....

Two new magnificent large steamers, the QUINCY and the DUBUQUE, added to our well known fleet. Marvels of Marine Architecture with all the comforts of a first-class hotel.

Only by This Route

Can the grand scenery of the Upper Mississippi River be seen to advantage.

For information and rates write

Smith & Oakes,
Agents, Clinton, Iowa.

or ISAAC P. LUSK,
G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo



For sale by

H. CAMP & SON,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers,

110 Galena Ave.

Wanted Immediately RELIABLE MAN OR WOMAN. ASSURED INCOME TO RIGHT PERSON. THE BEST PAY EVER OFFERED FOR SIMILAR SERVICE

The Cosmopolitan Magazine, edited by JOHN BRISBEN WALKER, wishes to add a quarter of a million to its clientèle, already the largest, of intelligent thinking readers possessed by any periodical in the world.

IT IS PREPARED TO PAY HANDSOMELY FOR ASSISTANCE RENDERED. It wishes the services of one reliable man or woman in every town, village, country district, or manufacturing establishment in every State. All that is required of any one is reliability, earnestness and work. No matter on what other work you are engaged, it will pay you to examine into this offer.

Apply, stating position, capability and references, to THE COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE, Irvington-on-the-Hudson, New York



FENCING

WIRE ROPE SELVAGE.

Poultry, Farm, Garden, Cemetery, Lawn, Railroad and Rabbit Fencing.

Thousands of miles in use. Catalogue Free. Freight Paid. Prices Low.

The McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.

114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St., CHICAGO, ILL.

SCIENCE OF CRAPS.

LIKEWISE THE LINGO OF THE POPULAR SOUTHERN GAME.

Now You Know "What's Going On" When You See a Lot of Fellows Grouped on the Sidewalk—The Darky's Favorite Method of Gambling.

"Come seven-eleven!"

"Fade you!"

"Cut his throat, seven!"

"Jimmy Hicks, take my gal to Memphis!"

"Big Dick is mine!"

"Come, Little Joe!"

These expressions are a part of the vocabulary which accompanies any well arranged sitting of the southern darky's great game of craps.

Throughout the entire south the game is now probably played, although it has been in existence only about 20 years. But just how the name originated is not known. It is used in only one part of the game, on the very first throw, when the thrower is said to "crap out."

The rules under which the remarkable game is played are interesting. From one of the king crap players of Atlanta I have been initiated into the mysteries of the game, and I have given all the rules here as faithfully as if I was transcribing the new rules in whist.

Any number of persons can shoot craps. I say shoot advisedly, for no crap player ever uses the word play. The game is played with two dice. The first player places them in the hollow of his right hand (unless he is left handed), and, shaking them about a bit, throws them upon the floor or the ground, generally the ground. Before he throws he states how much he is throwing for, usually a nickel. Some one among the other players cries out:

"I fade you!"

That means the thrower's money is covered. There then can be as many side bets as the other players wish to make. If on the first throw the player makes 7 or 11, he wins. If he throws 2, 3 or 12 on the first throw, he loses, or craps out. If he throws 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 or 10, that is called his point, and he throws again until he either makes his point once more or makes 7. If he makes his point before he makes 7, he wins, but if 7 comes first he loses. The thrower can hold the dice as long as he continues to win, but when he loses he surrenders them to the next player.

Any person in the game has the right to pick up the dice quickly when a player makes the first throw. He does this to see that no loaded dice have been smuggled into the game. The usual way of doing this is for a player to reach out as the dice fall and say:

"My dice."

He examines them, blows on them and, tossing them back to the thrower, says:

"Your dice; shoot."

If this is attempted at any other stage of the game except on the first throw, a legitimate show down of white handled razors is in order. The person who offers to cover the thrower's money is called the "fader." Most of the betting in the game is done by those who are standing around.

Nearly all the points on the dice are named. Four is called "little Joe," 5 is called "Phœbe" or "fever," 6 is known as "Jimmy Hicks," 9 is "Liz" and 10 is "big Dick," sometimes also called "big Tom."

When a game has been arranged, those who have the cash sit or stand around, and the first thrower tosses up his coin and gets ready to shoot. He blows upon the dice, makes an exclamation that sounds like a deep, aspirated "h!" throws the dice upon the ground and as they fall snaps his fingers sharply. This may seem like some special trimmings, but the maneuvers are as much a part of the game as putting up the money. When he has been faded, the outside betting begins, the thrower acting slowly to give time for all the gamblers to get their money up. The man who bets with the thrower is said to "like him."

As the game progresses you can hear the thrower as he first tosses the dice exclaim, "Come seven-eleven!"

If he fails either to win or crap out, he will then cry as he tries to make his point:

"Come to see me, Little Joe," or Big Dick or Liz, or whatever his point is.

The man who has faded him or who is betting against him on the outside will say:

"Cut him off, seven!" "Cut his throat, seven!" "Come under him, seven!"

When Liz—that is nine—is first thrown, the player always exclaims, "Liz is the gal for me."

The words which accompany Jimmy Hicks, a throw of six, are, "Big Six, take my gal to Memphis."

A smooth place on the ground is always preferable to the floor of a room. A table is entirely out of the question. Many times a gang of negro gamblers will play on the sidewalk under the glare of an electric light, and boys are stationed in the middle of each block to keep a watch for the approach of a policeman and to give a signal if one is seen coming.

The game is played by the old and the young, in the country and in the cities, by railroad hands and deckhands on the river steamboats. Negroes in the large cities know scarcely any other sort of gambling. The steamboat hands play night and day, and they have been known to return after a long trip with every cent of their earnings gone into the pockets of the lucky players.

Here in Atlanta there are all sorts of crap shooters, including the big gamblers and the small boys, who will shoot for anything of value, often the clothes on their backs. Hardly a week passes without some place, usually an alley, being raided and a lot of the "crap shooters" arrested. But the gambling cannot be broken up.—Atlanta Constitution.

POPULAR DELUSIONS.

Some of Those That Have Not Yet Been Torn Up by the Roots.

It is remarkable how many popular elusions still linger in spite of the spread of enlightenment. I am not referring now to historical and literary fictions, such as the common "Up guards and at 'em," popularly ascribed to Wellington at Waterloo, to the "England expects every man to do his duty," mistakenly ascribed to Nelson, nor to the utterly untrue story about "Jessie" announcing the advance of the highlanders to the relief of Lucknow on hearing bagpipes which (as a matter of fact) were not played. Neither am I referring to those popular superstitions which the Thirteen club is endeavoring to kill by ridicule, though there are "lucky" as well as unlucky superstitions, which the Thirteen club does not reck. The belief in the luck bringing power of the horseshoe, for example, which led Lord Nelson to nail one to the mast of the Victory, still survives, and gamblers throughout the world—even the most astute and worldly minded—have a traditional reverence for humpbacked persons.

Perhaps I had better exemplify what I mean. Well I remember once, while in a midland town, hearing somebody say that the carrying of a raw potato in the trousers pocket was an unfailing preventive of rheumatism. To my amazement several individuals—all of them men of intelligence and local standing—produced the desiccated mummies of potatoes, from which the moisture had evaporated and which in size, hardness and appearance were exactly like rough pebbles. These men were firmly convinced of the virtues of the potato as a specific against rheumatism, and they declined to be laughed out of their belief, maintaining that they had practical proof of the raw potato's efficacy if simply carried in the pocket. I find on inquiry that many people are as firmly convinced of the efficacy of wearing a zinc ring. You may tell an individual of this sort that it is arrant nonsense to think that the wearing of such a ring can ward off rheumatism, but he will assure you that he knows better, for, whereas he used to be a martyr to that affliction, he has not felt a twinge since he wore his ring.

There is a popular belief that if a glass globe be filled to the brim you can drop in several live goldfish without causing the water to overflow. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that this belief used to be universal, just because it did not occur to anybody to try so simple an experiment. It is a matter easy of demonstration. Try it. Not only among servant girls, but among women of high intelligence, there is a popular delusion that if pokers or tongs be placed in front of the grate, resting on the bars, the fire will "draw" better. Why should it? Ask any one who puts this delusion in practice, and you will either get a fantastic explanation or none at all. A popular delusion still survives in some parts of the country that the place where the body of a drowned person has finally sunk may be ascertained by floating a loaf containing quicksilver, the supposition being that the loaf will stop immediately over the place where the body lies. When Norwegians are in quest of a drowned body, they row to and fro with a rooster in the boat, fully expecting that the bird will crow when the boat reaches the spot where the corpse lies. There is a popular delusion in England that it is illegal to cut down a body found hanging before a policeman arrives. Lives might have been saved but for this vulgar error.—Rocket.

A Lunatic on Lunacy.

A curious occurrence took place recently in Professor Krafft-Ebing's clinic, where a patient, at his own request, was allowed by the professor to deliver a lecture in his place in order to demonstrate the peculiarity of his mental state. The patient is a highly educated man, of exceptional intellectual endowments, but for many years he has been the subject of so called "circular" insanity. The recurrence of the disease prevents his pursuing for any length of time any occupation in which his natural abilities and acquired accomplishments would in happier circumstances have enabled him to gain distinction. In the maniacal phase of his illness he shows an astonishing wealth of ideas, and with his manifold knowledge and his readiness of expression (he has lately been a writer) becomes witty and even brilliant in his language. Thus in the lecture he delivered on the mental condition of the maniac in periodical attacks of madness he puzzled his audience by the brilliant and exact form of his speech, and on a lay person or a junior student might even have made the impression that his statements were correct and his conclusions logically drawn, though, in fact, they were all nonsense. He spoke for nearly an hour, holding the attention of his audience the whole time. His look and bearing, which are those of a scholar, helped to keep up the illusion.—British Medical Journal.

The Tennyson Spectacle.

One day, some years ago, says the London News, Lord Tennyson was walking in meditation about the grounds at Aldworth, when a tourist rushed toward him, leaving behind a party of friends to follow more at leisure. Arrived within speaking distance, the stranger aid, "Can you tell me where I can find the poet Tennyson?" Taken by surprise, the great laureate was not ready with any evasion and answered, "I am he." Whereupon the stranger turned to his friends, and pointing to the poet with no more reverence than if he were an inanimate curiosity bawled out, "Say, this is the man, this is the man!" The friends hastened their pace and stared with all their eyes, while the only thing the poet could do was to beat a hasty retreat, speechless with indignation. The News adds that the visitors were Americans.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

Popular Japanese Games.

The Japanese children play some good games that might help American youngsters through a wintry afternoon. The girls, big girls, too, have a very pretty ball game that they call "yemari," which means handball, but it is not at all the same thing as the handball we know. A number of them stand in a circle. One of them takes the ball—they use one about two inches in diameter—and throws it perpendicularly on the ground. As it rebounds she strikes it back with her open hand. This she does as often as she can do so without moving from her place in the circle, but when it rebounds nearer to some other girl—as it will be sure to do soon—it is the part of that girl to strike it down. So the game goes on till some girl fails to hit when she should or to make it rebound, and then she is cast out of the circle. The game goes on till only one girl is left, and then she has the honors of the game, "kachi," or victory, as the girls call it.

There is another merry game called "catching the snake's tail." One player is selected to be the catcher, and the rest range themselves in a row, one behind the other, each child putting his or her hands on the shoulders of the child in front of him.

The catcher stands in front of the row some feet away, and when the row is ready the game commences, and it consists of the catcher's efforts to catch the last child in the row, while the row defends its tail, the snake's tail. This is usually the smallest child playing, for the row is graduated by size. The catcher must not push any one in the row, and the chain of the row must not be broken, either action constituting a "foul." When the "tail" is caught, that child becomes catcher and the catcher becomes the tail.

A variation on this game is for the catcher to cry out that he will catch a child. "Which child do you want?" asks the head, and then the row tries to defend that child under the same conditions as before.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Picture Puzzle.

Here is a little puzzle to test your ingenuity at constructing a picture. Cut out the four slips shown in the first il-



lustration and arrange them so as to form the figure shown in the second. It may be easily done—if you go at it the right way. The reconstructed figure



will be smaller than the pattern, but all the features will be identical.—New Orleans Picayune.

Walter's First Dip.

Walter T. was 6 years old. He never had seen the ocean. We were to spend the summer at the seaside, and Walter had a new bathing suit. Every boy in the block was invited into the house to see him try it on, and one day we discovered him in the bathtub surrounded by an admiring group of juveniles, to whom he was discoursing about how he would dive from the end of the iron pier when he reached the ocean. When the young man, however, saw the ocean, with the great waves rolling on the beach, he could not be induced to go near it and positively refused to put on his bathing suit.

One day his father offered him 50 cents if he would put on his suit and get wet all over once. He wanted the money very much, so he finally consented. Clasping his arms around his father's neck like a vise, the great undertaking was begun. After much shivering and trembling he was wet about two inches above his ankles, when he exclaimed, "Papa, I—guess—I—will—only—take—10—cents'—worth—this time."—Crypt.

Why the Moon Is Crescent.

George, a bright little man of 4 years, who does not like to acknowledge ignorance upon any subject, sometimes astonishes his elders by his quaint remarks. One evening his mother called him to her and, pointing out the crescent moon, said:

"See the new moon, George—just like a cradle in the sky."

"Oh, yes, mamma," he replied. "I know all about it. God rocks the little stars to sleep in it every night."—New York Tribune.

"I Care For Nobody—No, Not I!"

[A little word catch.]

Who cares for nobody cares for none,
And nobody need suppose
If nobody cares for nobody one
Need care—if nobody knows.

If nobody knows that nobody cares,
And nobody cares to know
That nobody cares for nobody, where's
The good of minding it so?

—St. Nicholas.

The Bird That Tells.

May—What's that for, Charlie?

Charlie—That's a trap to catch the wretched little birds that watch and whisper to mamma everything that I does.

Rather Personal.

"Ladies," said the chairman of the meeting of the Woman's Advanced Thought and Practical Experience club, "this meeting, I believe, was announced to be a symposium on the subject of 'Apartment House Nuisances.'"

There was a murmur of assent and approval, and from the way every woman in the hall straightened up it was evident that there wasn't one of them who didn't feel that she had something of importance to say on the subject.

"I hope," continued the chairman, "that we will be able to get through this afternoon, but it is unquestionably a most comprehensive subject, and, with your permission, I will undertake to divide it so that we can take up one feature at a time."

"So lovely!" "Just the thing!" and "How nice!" came from various parts of the hall.

"I would suggest that we first take up the landlord, as he"—

Cries of "Mean thing!" "Promised us a porcelain bathtub a year ago!" "Won't paper the hall!" etc.

—"is one of the greatest of flat building evils. After disposing of him, I think perhaps the janitor"—

Cries of "Disobliging creature!" "Freezes us to death!" "Absolutely insulting!" etc.

—"should claim our attention. We all can speak with deep feeling on this branch of the subject, and possibly we may find it necessary to limit discussion of it. Then I would suggest that we group children and dogs"—

Cries of "The pets!" "Darlings!" "Dirty creatures!" "Noisy youngsters!" etc.

—"and close with a discussion of flat building gossips, the most troublesome and notorious of their kind."

There was a dead silence as she ceased speaking. The women looked at each other in a bewildered sort of way, and then almost as one person they got up and moved toward the door.

"Personalities should be barred," said one as she angrily marched out.

"I never was so insulted in all my life," said another.

And thus the chairman was left alone.—Chicago Post.

Particularly Patient.

"Patience, my dear, patience," said Harkins blandly to his wife one morning at the breakfast table when she spoke a trifle sharply to one of the children for dropping his bread, buttered side down, on the cloth. "You know that accidents will happen, and we were children ourselves once. I'm sure that Bertie didn't mean to—great Jupiter! There goes Harold's glass of milk all over my new trousers. If I don't—oh, you'd better skedaddle from the table, young man. It beats everything. Get a cloth, somebody, and clean up this mess. It beats thunder that a man can't sit at his own table without being tormented and bespattered as I am every time I try to eat a meal under my roof. Look at these trousers—absolutely and utterly ruined. Just wait till I get hold of that boy. Just wait till I lay hands on him, and I'll teach him how to deliberately throw a glass of milk over a guinea pair of trousers. Don't tell me that he didn't mean to do it. He came to the table with the intention of doing it, and I—I—well, you'll see what I'll do when I get hold of him."—Strand Magazine.

An Enemy of Humanity.

There are probably few persons of mature years who have not read the story of the man who put the sick beggar upon his best horse in order to take him to his home and friends. The beggar suddenly recovered his strength and rode off with the horse that was the pride of the desert and the fortune of his owner. The man called after the thief and begged him to halt for a moment. Safe from pursuit, he did so, when his benefactor implored him never to tell how he obtained the horse, as the incident, if known, might stand in the way of relief of some honest beggar who sought charity by the wayside. Although it is claimed that the story is a very old one, it is just as applicable to our time as it was when the affair occurred.

It is the professional beggar who makes the most terrible suffering possible to those who are too proud, too honest or too timid to ask for what they need.—New York Ledger.

A Cemetery Story From Maine.

In a quaint old cemetery at Bass Harbor, Me., lies an aged couple who were noted in their life for their piety and their active interest in meetings and other good works. The old gentleman in his exhortation would often speak of wearing the crown, while the old lady often spoke of blossoming as the rose. After the tombstones had been erected at their graves with their names and ages duly chronicled thereon there appeared on his tombstone distinctly outlined the figure of a crown, while on hers appeared the figure of a full blown rose. The fact is well authenticated by many people who have visited the cemetery on purpose to see this wonderful sight.—Deer Isle Gazette.

When Bedlam Was Heaven.

A highlander had visited the capital of Scotland, and on his return to his "native hills" astonished his companions by telling them what he had seen and done there. "Dugald Macpherson an me," he said, "gaed doon to Luckie McNab's, in the Canongate, to meet some o' oor auld freens there. When we gaed in, there was anither ten or a dizzen beelenmen there, an they a' had their pipes wi' them. After we had gaen a crack for awhile somebody proposed a tune. Wi' that we a' shoulthered our pipes an began to play different tunes. Mon, it was bonnie. I just thocht I was in heeven!"—London Telegraph.

Mother, Sometimes.

"The child," said the shoe clerk boarder, "is father to the man."

"Oh, not always," said the cheerful idiot. "Sometimes it is a girl."—Indianapolis Journal.

Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining.

Carriage Work a Specialty! All Work Guaranteed!

JEROME F. McKENNEY,

New Shop, 111 Hennepin Avenue.

Painting, House Decorating!

Those in need of Neat Frescoing, Painting, Paper Hanging or Artistic House Decorating, should consult

E. A. Patrick.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

at the low rate of

ONE FARE for the Round Trip PLUS $2.00

VIA THE

Illinois Central R.R.

SOUTH Homeseekers' Excursions to all stations south of East Cairo, Kentk'y, except to points between Brighton, Tenn., and Coldwater, Miss., inclusive, and except to New Orleans on the line of Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroad; from stations in Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana, on Nov., 16, Dec., 7 and 21. For a copy of the Southern Homeseekers' Guide, describing the agricultural advantages of the country traversed by the above mentioned roads, address, at Manchester, Iowa, J. F. Merry, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For information in regard to Railroad Lands in Southern Illinois, and in the famous Yazoo Valley of Mississippi, address, at Chicago, E. P. Skene, Land Commissioner, I. C. R. R.

In addition to the above, homeseekers tickets will be sold from stations in Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana to points

WEST November 16th, December 7th and 21st, including points on the Illinois Central in South Dakota, Minnesota and Iowa west of and including Ackley, as far as LeMars, Iowa, also to Waverly and points north.

Tickets at the above rates on sale only on dates quoted. For further particulars apply to your local ticket agent, or address A. H. Hanson, General Passenger Agent, Illinois Central Railroad, Chicago.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 580 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

BOYS do you want a Printing Press, Watch and Chain, Steam Engine, Air Rifle, Tool Chest, Magic Lantern, Fisherman's Outfit or Pocket Knife without spending any money for it? Sunbeams Publishing Co., 234 Broadway, New York City, will send you a list of over 100 gifts given free to boys and girls. Write for it.

GIRLS we give you free, an Oxford Bible, a Gold Ring set with Pearls, Opals or Garnets, A Fine Doll, Handsome Piano, Beautiful China Tea Set, Elegant Manicure Set, or your choice from over 100 valuable articles given free to boys and girls. Send for list.

MOTHERS 50 well bound standard books, Complete Suits for Boys, and Pretty Dresses for Girls, School Bags, Black Boards, Lawn Tents, Hammocks, Rochester Lamps, Handsome Silver Table-ware (warranted triple plated), Christy Knives and over 100 other gifts are made free to the patrons of Sunbeams Publishing Co., 234 Broadway, New York City. Write for catalogue.

OUR LADY OF THE SNOWS.

A nation spoke to a nation.
A queen sent word to a throne.
Daughter am I in my mother's house,
But mistress in my own.
The gates are mine to open,
As the gates are mine to close,
And I set my house in order,
Said the Lady of the Snows.

Neither with laughter nor weeping,
Fear nor the child's amaze.
Soberly under the white man's law
My white men go their ways.
Not for the gentile's clamor,
Insult or threat of blows
Bow we the knee to Baal,
Said our Lady of the Snows

My speech is clear and single.
I talk of common things,
Words of the wharf and market place
And the ware the merchant brings,
Favor to those I favor,
But a stumbling block for my foes.
Many there be that hate us,
Said our Lady of the Snows.

I called my chiefs to council
In the din of a troubled year
For the sake of a sign ye would not see
And a word ye would not hear.
This is our message and answer,
This is the path we chose,
For we be also a people,
Said our Lady of the Snows.

Carry the word to my sisters,
To the queens of the east and south.
I have proved faith in the heritage
By more than the word of mouth.
They that are wise may follow
Ere the world's war trumpet blows,
But I—I am the first in the battle,
Said our Lady of the Snows.

A nation spoke to a nation.
A queen sent word to a throne.
Daughter am I in my mother's house,
But mistress in my own.
The gates are mine to open,
As the gates are mine to close,
And I abide by my mother's house,
Said our Lady of the Snows.
—Rudyard Kipling in London Times.

A RUSE OF WAR.

Do I remember the war of 1870? Indeed I do. I lost pianos and clocks, but I bought new clocks and pianos, while my camellias, my poor camellias—20 years of patience, labor and adoration—all lost, destroyed, obliterated, weeded out. And what do you think I found in the middle of my greenhouse in place of that delightful little marble statuette I had brought from Naples? Oh, there's no use guessing. You never could guess.

After the battle of Sedan my wife showed great resolution. "My dear," said she, "we must remain here. We must stand by our house." And I added mentally, "And by our camellias."

On the 17th of September, at 8 o'clock in the morning, one of my tenant farmers arrived breathless, shouting: "The uhlans, sir! They will be here in an hour!"

My wife was stricken with terror. "Let us fly, my dear. I do not wish to see the uhlans. Let us go at once. Take me away. Oh, take me away, no matter where."

The horses were put in the carriage, and we departed at once. We left at the chateau seven or eight servants, among them my wife's maid, Antoinette, a Parisienne, pretty, intelligent, saucy and cunning. Antoinette kept reassuring us, saying: "Have no fear, sir. I shall receive the Prussians. I know how to talk to them. They will not steal even a match."

The next day we arrived at Trouville. My wife fell seriously ill, and for a fortnight I was very uneasy. From my country place every week I received a letter from Antoinette. "Do not be uneasy, sir," she would say. "Everything is going well here. We have had the good luck to happen upon an excellent Prussian colonel and some very amiable officers. It is, thanks to the kindness of these gentlemen, that I am able to make my letters reach you, sir," etc. And the gardener wrote to me: "Antoinette has saved almost everything, sir, by her cleverness. I do not dare to say more on account of the Prussians, who may read my letter. And nevertheless the Prussians, thanks to Antoinette, have not been harsh on us."

Toward the end of October my wife was convalescent, so one morning I packed my bag and left for my country place. I wanted to see my camellias again, and I wanted, above all, to know how Antoinette managed to save everything. I shall not bore you with the story of my journey. It was peculiar, nevertheless. It took me seven days to go from Trouville to Corbeil. I was arrested three times as a Prussian spy by the French and four times as a French spy by the Prussians.

At last I saw again my magnificent avenue of chestnut trees; at the end of the avenue, my gateway. I crossed my courtyard, which was full of horses, cannon, artillery caissons, dragoons and Prussian artillerymen. I walked up my front steps. I found myself in my vestibule. The furniture, the pictures, the hangings—all were in their places. But as for me, I stood there staring like a rustic, my traveling bag in my hand, in the midst of five or six Prussian dragoons, who were eying me curiously.

"What do you want?" asked one of these dragoons, apparently a lieutenant. "Why do you come here?"

Why did I come to my own house? I replied that I wished to speak to the colonel.

"He is busy. He is breakfasting. Who are you?"

"Who am I? I am the proprietor of this house!"

"Ah, the proprietor—you are the proprietor! Wait. I shall notify the colonel."

In a few moments my door opened and I saw coming toward me a tall Prussian, booted and spurred, with long, gray whiskers, who, with both hands extended, cried in excellent French: "M. Rivet! It is you, M. Rivet?"

"Yes, it is I."

"Ah, how glad I am to see you! You have done well to come." And those two Prussian hands were still extended toward me, who patriotically held as far away as possible behind me my two very French hands.

"Ah, I see that you are prejudiced," said the colonel, bursting into a roar of heavy laughter. "I see what it is. You are prejudiced. I think you will get over that. But come—come with me. We are at table."

"At table! But I don't wish to breakfast."

"You don't wish to breakfast with us? Ah, more prejudice! But you must do away with your prejudice, because the baroness is breakfasting with us, and she will be delighted to see you."

"The baroness! What baroness?"

But without listening to me, without replying, the colonel seized me by the arm, and, dragging me along, he made me cross my own salon, and then, opening the door of my dining room, he cried: "Baroness, here is your uncle! It is M. Rivet."

Then I saw seated at my table eight or ten Prussian officers, and in the middle of these officers Antoinette—Antoinette, who had upon her back one of my wife's velvet gowns, in her ears my wife's diamond earrings, on her fingers all my wife's rings and around her neck my wife's black pearl necklace. All of my wife's bracelets were around her wrists, while in her hair she wore my wife's rubies and in her corsage my wife's sapphires. Antoinette was no longer Antoinette. She was a jeweler's show window.

Antoinette, seeing me enter, jumped up, became very red, and then, quitting the table, threw herself violently upon my neck and began to embrace me, crying, "Ah, how glad I am to see you!" And as she continued to embrace me she whispered in my ears, "Embrace me, embrace me tenderly." So I embraced her, and she commenced again to embrace me, continuing to whisper in my ear: "Look more tender than that. I am your niece. Don't you understand? It is to save madam's diamonds," etc. It seemed as if we would never stop kissing and hugging under the eyes of these Prussians. There was, however, nothing disagreeable about it. Antoinette was a charming young woman. All the officers looked at me with an air that said, "What a lucky dog he is to be able to hug and kiss such a pretty girl!"

Then, after two or three minutes consecrated to these close confidences and explanation, Antoinette took me by the hand, led me around the table and seated me by her side. With infinite grace she presented me successively to each of my Prussian guests—'Colonel So-and-so of the Second dragoons, Major Such and-such of the Third hussars," etc. As for me, I was like a drunken man, and I assure you that it was difficult for me to understand how I could remain thus seated for an hour at that table in the midst of all these Prussian dragoons and hussars. Nevertheless I have retained a clear recollection of the extraordinary conversation which went on.

"Well, M. Rivet," said the colonel, "I hope that you will soon bring Mme. Rivet here too. We lead a most charming life here. Your niece will tell you. We are not all such savages as your idiotic newspapers would make us out." And the colonel burst into one of those roars of coarse laughter which but a moment before had so jarred upon my nerves. At once all of his officers together, as if obeying the word of command, abandoned themselves to violent laughter. There is a light and vivacious gayety which is French gayety. There is another, heavy and brutal, which is Prussian gayety.

"No, we are not savages," continued the colonel, "and you need not condemn Mme. Rivet to pass the entire winter in some hole of a town on the seacoast because we are here for the whole winter. You are lucky to have had to do with Prussians. If you had had Bavarians here, you would have had a hard time. Our Prussian king is altogether too good to permit Bavarians side by side with us Prussians. The Bavarians should not be allowed to serve in the Prussian army except as musicians. King Louis of Bavaria ought to be field marshal of all the German bands."

At last we arrived at the end of this odious breakfast. The colonel rose and dismissed his officers, and, approaching me, said: "And now I shall conduct you to your greenhouse. I wish to show you your camellias."

"My camellias!"

"Yes, yes, I know your passion. The baroness has been good enough to tell me you adore those camellias. So I sent for your gardener and explained to him that he would be shot in front of the greenhouse door if he allowed a single camellia to die. This was a joke, you understand. I would not have had him shot. We are a civilized people, but I would not have hesitated about having him tied to a tree for 24 hours without anything to eat or drink. But it has not been necessary. Your camellias are in perfect condition. Come and see them."

We went out, the three of us—the colonel, Antoinette and I. This Prussian did me the honors of my own park. I was tingling with anger. A dozen times I was on the point of breaking out, but Antoinette hung on my arm and made so many supplicating little faces, and she did look so pretty and yet so ridiculous under the trees in the garish sunshine, with her diamonds and rubies blazing about her, that I was appeased in spite of myself.

We entered the greenhouse. It was trim and beautiful. My camellias had been treated with the utmost care.

"Well," said the colonel triumphantly, "you see we are not all vandals. Now I shall leave you. You must have family matters to chat about. I hope you will do us the pleasure to dine with us."

He invited me to dine in my own house, but I could not voice a word in reply. He left me, however, which was all I desired. I was alone with Antoinette, and she, without awaiting my questions, as soon as the colonel was gone, said:

"Ah, sir, did you notice how he ogled me as he went away? It is horrible, sir, it is horrible. This Prussian is in love with me. You must not scold me. You should pity and thank me. I have devoted myself to saving your house. When this colonel arrived on the 18th of December, he flew into a violent rage on learning that the people of the house had fled. 'Ah,' cried he, 'so they flee when we come. Do they take us for barbarians? Very well then. I shall act so. I shall stable my horses in the drawing room.' Then, sir, as the colonel had not yet seen me, I ran up stairs, put on one of madame's gowns, and, descending, I told the colonel that I was your niece, the Baroness de Barneville, but I think it's no harm. It seems that I have not acted it too awkwardly, as for more than a month now I have led this colonel by the nose, and I am too good a Frenchwoman to let him touch even the tips of my fingers. Moreover, I have made all his dragoons and hussars march as by a magic wand. I have saved your silverware, your horses, your carriages and your camellias. As to madame's diamonds, I wear them all upon me, not because I wish to, but because they are safer upon me than in the drawers. I do not know much about the Bavarians, but the Prussians are not worth much in my opinion where diamonds are in drawers. But now, sir, if you will do me the favor you will leave at once, because in affairs of this kind men are worthless. I was obliged to tread on your foot several times during breakfast in order to prevent you from exploding, and it is not proper for a lady's maid to be pressing her master's foot under the table. I will get you a good Prussian passport, and you shall carry away all of madame's diamonds. I shall put them in a little casket, and Pierre can drive you away in the break. As for me, I shall remain and keep good watch over the house. Besides, you see, it amuses me to make fools of these Prussians and make them believe that I am a great lady."

I was much moved when Antoinette had ceased speaking. "You are a good girl, Antoinette," said I, "a good girl and a clever girl. I want to ask only one thing and then I shall go."

"What is that, sir?"

"The permission to kiss you."

"As niece or as lady's maid?"

"As lady's maid, Antoinette."

"Very well, sir."

I gave Antoinette a good hug and a resonant smack. "Put the diamonds in the little casket, Antoinette," I said, "but do not put that bracelet in the little casket. Keep it for yourself."

"Thank you, sir. Wait for me here, and in a quarter of an hour I shall come for you. But be careful; commit no imprudence and get into no quarrels with these Prussians."

She hastened away. Scarcely had she disappeared when I remembered that my daughter had asked me to bring her two photographs which were on little easels upon her mantelpiece. I returned to the house, mounted the staircase, and near the door of her room I stopped in surprise. Some one was playing the piano in my daughter's room. I knocked discreetly. "Come in." I went in. It was one of the dragoon officers—a tall, blond young man, with a single eyeglass stuck in his eye, who was playing a Chopin waltz on my daughter's piano.

"Ah, it is you, sir!" said he. "Come in, come in, I beg of you."

"I came to look for something in this room."

"Certainly, sir. Take whatever you like." And he resumed his interrupted waltz. I approached the mantel, and on the two little easels I found in place of my portrait a photograph of King William and in place of my wife's portrait a photograph of Prince Bismarck. The blood rose to my head, and in a voice strangled with anger I exclaimed: "Sir, there were two portraits here. I should like to know who has permitted you to remove these portraits and replace them by the photographs of these two rascals."

"You said, sir"—

"I said these two rascals," and, snatching the photographs from the easels, I tore them into bits. Then, with perfect calmness, I threw the bits into the fireplace.

The officer rose. He was very pale. He approached me. The only remaining question was which of us should first be slapped in the face, and I was certain that it was not I, when Antoinette hurried into the room.

"What is the matter?" she demanded.

"This gentleman has dared to take from their easels two portraits which I came to get."

"You did that, sir?" said she, addressing the officer. "Where are these portraits."

"In this drawer."

"Give them to me!"

"Here they are," and in the most docile manner, the Prussian officer passed the two portraits to Antoinette, who gave them to me, saying, "Is this what you were seeking?"

"Yes."

"Come, then," and she led me away. The Prussian officer had not moved since Antoinette entered the room. I was confounded. Antoinette had played this little scene with the cleverness and self possession of an actress.

"How astonished you look!" she said, as we descended the staircase.

"Astonished? Well, I"—

"You need not be. Do you think that it is only the colonel who is in love with me?"

* * * * * * *

I returned to Trouville, and another month passed without a single letter from Antoinette. I was beginning to be very much disturbed, and despite the difficulties I was prepared to risk a second journey, when one morning toward the close of November my wife threw open the door of my room and said: "Antoinette, my dear. It is Antoinette, but in what a state, the poor child."

I looked, and I saw a pale, thin, haggard creature who seemed to have been exhausted by fatigue, hunger and illness.

"It is indeed I, sir," said Antoinette, "and I bring you bad news. You remember all the jokes made by the Prussian colonel about the Bavarians? Well, to be just, he was not a bad fellow, this Prussian colonel, and he certainly was not wrong about the Bavarians. There was a movement of the troops. Our Prussians were taken away, and there were sent to us some Bavarian infantry who had suffered a good deal upon the Loire, and who came to recuperate in our neighborhood. Pillage began at once. I must admit that the pillage was as well organized as the rest of the military operations. There was at the heels of this Bavarian regiment a column of Bavarian peddlers. They threw themselves upon the chateau like thieves, and at once began to make a sort of inventory. I went at once to find the major who commanded the detachment, a little, short, fat, red faced man who spoke a frightful dialect, half French, half German. He uttered cries of joy as soon as he saw me, and without giving me time to say a word he cried:

"'Oh, here she is, the baroness who is a lady's maid, the lady's maid who is a baroness. The Prussians are nice men, but the Bavarians are not nice men, eh? All the same, you can't hoodwink the Bavarians as you hoodwinked the Prussians. I have spies out. Good-by, my false baroness, goodby.' And he gave some command in German to an officer. Two soldiers brutally seized me, and I was led on foot, sir, by stages all the way for many leagues to Rheims from post to post. At Rheims they threw me in prison. I remained there for a week, sleeping on straw, with dry bread and water. At the end of the week I was taken before an officer of Saxon infantry, a tall, blond young man, who did not appear cruel.

"'I am going to set you at liberty,' said he, 'but you must not attempt to return to your house. There is a report at headquarters from a Bavarian major. They are brutes, you know, those Bavarians. All this trouble would not have happened to you if you had had Saxons quartered with you.'

"I was free, and I have succeeded in dragging myself here. But, sir, your poor chateau is in very bad hands. I fear that you will not find much when you return."

She was right. I found nothing at all when I returned because the chateau was burned down. But I was wrong when I said I found nothing. I did find my greenhouse. The chateau was burned down, but the greenhouse remained, and in the greenhouse—in my poor green house, in place of my camellias, there were five Bavarian tombstones, ornamented with poetic inscriptions like these, "Here lies Fritz Hartmann, a young and heroic Bavarian dragoon, cut off in the flower of his age."—Translated For Argonaut From the French of Ludovic Helevy.

Catch Problems.

Little arithmetical problems, with a "catch" in them are always fascinating to the average man. No matter how simple they appear you will find the banker and the broker disputing over them on 'change or in the counting rooms of the capitalists. Here are one or two that have been floating around among the business men of Cincinnati for two or three weeks:

A banker found a $10 bill. At home he gave it to his wife, who paid the butcher in settlement of his account. The butcher paid it to the farmer for a calf, and the farmer paid it to the merchant, who in turn paid it to the washerwoman, and she, owing the banker a note of $10, went to the banker and paid the note. The banker recognized the bill as the one he had found and which up to that time had settled $50 of debt. On a careful examination he found the bill was counterfeit. Of course the problem is, Who lost in the transaction?

Here's another, but along a different line, and they do say that men who are way up in local finance were disputing over the question on 'change, though it is extremely simple: A man bought a horse and buggy for $110. The horse cost $100 more than the buggy. What did the buggy cost the owner? That's easy, but don't go to work to figure it by algebra.

There's one more, a very old one, but it's good and not near as easy as the others. A man went into a shoemaker's shop and bought a pair of shoes for $5. He gave the shoemaker a $10 bill. The shoemaker had no change, but went to a neighbor and got the $10 changed. He returned and gave the purchaser his change, $5. A short time afterward the neighbor came in and claimed the $10 was counterfeit. As he was right the shoemaker was compelled to make the $10 good, which he did by giving a good $10 for the counterfeit. Now, how much was the shoemaker out in the whole transaction?—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

What Pasteur Did.

It seems to us now, in 1897, that from all time we must have known that an organic solution when heated was sterile, and that a germ would suffice to render it capable of fermentation. But this is a mere delusion. No, a thousand times no! This great fact of the generation of germs was absolutely unknown before Pasteur, and the method of sterilizing liquids and of their inoculation with spores was revealed to us by Pasteur. It is the nature of great discoveries that they become popularized in a short time, and thus very quickly become elementary. A first year's medical student knows perfectly that which neither Lavoisier, nor Liebig, nor Fremy, nor any one before Pasteur had been able to perceive.

We are always tempted to be ungrateful to great creators, for their creations pass rapidly into the domain of common knowledge. They become so simple that they cease to surprise us. We do not think of being grateful, and we forget the efforts which genius has had to make to wrest the truth from jealous nature. Gentlemen, let us not be ungrateful, let us remember that the recognition of the real cause of all fermentation (the development and germination of organized elements) dates from 1857, and from the celebrated memoir of Pasteur upon lactic fermentation. A new world was then opened to science. —Professor Ricker's Address at Montreal.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." ☞ See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

OOOOOOO

Prosperity Is Coming Fast...

The live, progressive merchant sees this and advertises liberally in consequence THE TELEGRAPH is justly considered at the top in standard mediums. We control the largest circulation in Lee County. Call us up by telephone and we shall be pleased to wait on you. Call at our office and get prices.

OOOOOOO

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

"Piso's Cure

for Consumption saved my life. Twelve years ago I had what doctors said was second stage of Consumption. Tried everything, without benefit. Was finally persuaded to take Piso's Cure. It helped me, and I continued its use until I was cured."

Mrs. T. P. BARBER, Lake Ann, Mich., Dec. 12, 1896.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

SHAW & SON, EDITORS.

PUBLISHED BY

R. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered at Dixon P. O. as Second-class matter

TERMS:

Per Week.....10cts | Per Year.....$5.00

DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

C. H. STACKPOLE, MANAGER.

Telephone.....Number 5

HOG AND GRAIN MARKET

Furnished daily by Thos. Gaffney, broker in stocks, grains, pork and lard. Direct wire to Chicago. Office No. 4 First St.

Articles—	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat—				
Dec.....$	.95⅝	.96¼	.95	.95⅝
May.....	.90½	.91⅛	.90¼	.91⅛
Nov.....				.95⅝
Corn—				
Dec.....	.25¼	.25⅝	.25¼	.25¼
May.....	.29⅛	29⅛	.29	.29⅛
Nov.....				.25¼
Oats—				
Dec.....	.20⅝	.20½	.20¼	.20⅝
May.....	.21⅞	.22⅛	.21⅞	.22½
Nov.....				.20⅝
Pork—				
May.....	8.40	8.50	8.40	8.45
Lard—				
May.....	4.37	4.42	4.37	4.37

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

EAST BOUND		WEST BOUND.	
Atl'c Ex.	3:26 am..B	O'y Lm't.	8:24 pm..A
Chic'g Ex.	6:52 am..A	CedrRps.	3:50 pm..C
O'y Lm't.	4:50 am..A	Car'l. Ps.	10:08 am..C
Ster'l Ps.	7:22 am..C	Pac'f Ex.	1:35 am..A
CedrRps.	11:00 am..C	Ster'l Ps.	7:14 pm..C
DaMn's Ps.	3:54 pm..C	N.IowaPs.	8:44 pm..E
Clint. Ps.	5:16 pm..D		

FREIGHT TRAINS CARRYING PASSENGERS.

Freight..7:45 pm....A | Clinton..6:35 a..m..A

A—Daily. B—Daily except Mon. C—Daily except Sun. D—Sunday only. E—Daily except Saturday.

F. L. MURRY, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

SOUTH BOUND.		NORTH BOUND.	
Fana Ps.	3:25 a. m.	Dub. Pass.	5:43 a. m.
*Thr'gh Ps.	10:22 a. m.	*Thr'gh Ps.	5:03 p. m.
El'm'g. Ps.	5 03 p. m.	Local Ps.	11:47 p. m.
Freight.	9:05 a. m.	Freight.	12:49 a. m.

* Daily—Others daily except Sunday.

ANNA C. MEAD. Ticket Agent

WEATHER REPORT.

For the week commencing, Nov 28, '97.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Max	Min	Precp
Sun.	23	32	20	32	20	T
Mon.	3	15	9	16	3	01
Tues.	15	26	—	—	6	—
Wed.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thus.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fri.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sat.	—	—	—	—	—	—

THE WEATHER.

The following is the weather forecast telegraphed us at 9:20 o'clock a. m. today from the government observatory at Chicago:

Warmer and cloudy tonight and Wednesday with probably showers tonight. Snow flurries in extreme north portion of the state.

Bargains!

Prepared Mustard, per gallon	30c
10 bars Good Laundry Soap	25c
Sweet Potatoes (Jersey) per peck	25c
Pail Jelly (Fancy)	23c
Fancy Table Peaches, per can	15c
White Clover Honey, per pound	12c
Box Toilet Soap	5c
Magic Starch	3c
Ginger Snaps, per pound	4c

W. C. JONES, 405 Depot Av.

Telephone No. 127.

JOB PRINTING!

If you want a nice job o printing done, call at this office.

SPECIAL SALE

.....on.....

LADIES' FINE FOOTWEAR

This week at 15 1st St.

Ladies' fine Kid, Oxford, Lace, Tan, Black and Oxblood, sale price $1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.25; former price $1.25, $2.00, $2.75 and $3.00.

Ladies' fine Kid, Lace, Tan and Oxblood Shoes, sale price $1.50, $2.50 and $2.85; former price $2.25, $3.00 and $3.75.

Ladies' fine Black, Vici Kid M. S. and Hand-turn, button and lace shoes, sale price $2.25 and $2.50; former price $3.00, $3.75 and $4.00.

You will find no misrepresentations in these goods and prices.

HALEY & DREW,

15 First St., Dixon.

—C. Gonnerman is in Chicago.

—C. L. Doyle is a visitor from Peoria.

—The skaters are already enjoying the river.

—Joe Petersberger is buying goods in Chicago.

—R. W. Thompson is in Chicago buying goods.

—C. Durkes of Franklin Grove is at Hotel Bishop.

—Harry Crabtree is home from a week of pleasure in the big city by the lake.

—Mrs. C. S. Helmich and M. A. Helmich of Wabasha, Minnesota, are at the Keystone.

—Mrs Haner of Clinton, Iowa, is here to work on a directory of the Methodist church.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Wiley returned today to Leaf River after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Stiteley.

—Editor Theodore Fuller went to Chicago this morning in company with his aunt Mrs. Kellogg who is returning home to New York.

—Prof. J. L. Hartwell is on the program for the Carroll County Farmers' Institute which will meet at Shannon on December 8 and 9, Wednesday and Thursday of next week.

—Our foreign news telegrams this evening report trouble between Hayti and Germany with indications of Uncle Sam being mixed up in the affair; but this a mere matter of a desire on the part of newspaper reporters to make something out of nothing.

—The Gilbert Opera company gave a good performance of the Mascot at the opera house last night to a fair sized audience, and having an open date will remain this evening and present, for the first time in our city the beautiful Persian opera, Said Pasha

—At the meeting of the Horticultural society of Northern Illinois at DeKalb on Thursday, F. W. Parker will deliver an address on "Child and the Garden." Twenty-three counties of Northern Illinois belong to the society and the meeting convenes tomorrow.

—The Methodist Sunday school has selected "The Christmas Fairies" supplemented by "Santa Claus, Jr.," and other selections for the Christmas Cantata, which is to take place Thursday evening, December 23 Active rehearsals are now in progress among the children and young people and something fine expected.

—Adele, sister of Delmont 2:12¼, and Oramarch, 2:23¼, is accounted one of the most promising fillies ever sired by Delmarch. She and Oramarch are owned by H. Johnson, Dixon, Ill. By the way, Delmarch left a great many fine colts in that neck of the woods and the breeders there made a sade mistake when they ever allowed him to be taken away. Red March, three years, 2:30¼, is another good one owned in that vicinity, and Delante will do to watch when he starts in 1898.—New York and Chicago Horseman.

—Probably the smallest piece of painting in the world is that executed by a French artist. It is painted on the smooth side of a grain of common white corn, and pictures a mill, and a miller mounting a stair with a sack of grain on his back. The mill is represented as standing on a terrace, and near it is a horse and cart, while a group of several peasants is shown in the road near by. The picture is beautifully distinct, every object being finished with microscopic fidelity, yet by careful measurement it is shown that the whole painting does not cover a surface of half an inch square.

—The social side of life at the Capital promises to be unusually gay and lively the coming season. The presence in the White House household of several pretty nieces, the many attractive daughters of Cabinet officers and the announcement of a long list of girls to be entertained by Vice-President and Mrs. Hobart has set the social gossips at work and the votaries of "fashion and frivolity" to outlining plans. Mrs. McKinley is something of an invalid and always quiet in her tastes, and the President himself is not much given to the gayeties of life, but, as one writer puts it, "his conservative objections are likely to be brushed aside by sheer force of youth."

—Last Sunday was temperance Sunday in the various churches throughout the country, on which, at the suggestion of the W. C. T. U., the ministers preached on some phase of the liquor question. Some very strong discourses were given in this city. A stronger arraignment of the licensed liquor traffic we have seldom if ever heard than that delivered from the Baptist pulpit Sunday morning. The other pastors were perhaps equally pointed, but the impressions made will be largely dissipated before they can be practically utilized. If the W. C. T. U. or those avowedly interested in prohibition wish to effect anything, let them see that this ammunition is gathered up and sent flying through the community at the proper time.

Bardette on Suffrage.

Robert J. Bardette, in a letter recently written to Miss Lucia Griffin, a well known literary woman of Albia, Ia., defines his position for woman suffrage. He writes:

Somebody told me, Miss Griffin, that you wanted to vote. Well, go ahead and vote, for all I care. I think you should have that privilege, or right, rather. I am in favor of woman's suffrage; have been ever since I was old enough to know anything about it; see no more reason why a woman should not vote than I do why she should not read the papers, understand politics, at least as much as men do, love her country and bring forth and train up soldiers who shall perform military service for her in return for her care for them when they were helpless. I don't think the gift of suffrage would "unsex" her. I don't think (if she paid no more attention to primaries and politics than 99 per cent of the best men now do) that her political duties would occupy more than three or four hours of her time every year, and we could surely spare her from the kitchen and the nursery that long without any danger of the household falling to pieces. Hurrah for the woman—new and old!

Luxurious Room.

A hint for house decoration is to be secured from every other home which one enters. They will always serve either as a model or a warning. In the luxurious rooms where dwelt the late Sir Frederick Leighton were many ideas to be culled here and there even by those who did not admire, as a whole, the ornate pose of the sometimes affectedly placed furnishings and decorations. In one room was a Turkish window, a deep bay. The glass rose only over the upper half of the end and not of the sides. Below that very gorgeous work ran a platform about three feet high. This was backed on all three sides by a continuous cushion, against which other pillows were loosely piled. One-quarter of the platform, at one end, terminated in three steps leading down into the room. Over the remainder a magnificent eastern rug was smoothly spread like a small carpet. Its fine design was thus perfectly revealed in its harmony with both the cushions and the window. In color everything led up to the glass. That gave the effect of a gem set in tints, cunningly calculated to throw out its beauty and splendid hues.—Exchange.

Charming Evening Toilet.

A charming evening toilet just completed for a youthful society belle of this city is made of canary colored silk muslin over a pink and yellow chameleon taffeta silk underskirt and bodice. The skirt is trimmed with accordion plaited ruffles from belt to hem. On the front of the bodice is a bolero jacket of very beautiful point de venise lace, with a plaited lace and silk muslin collar held by ornaments of pink pearl intermixed with French brilliants. Between the fronts of the lace bolero shows a full blouse of the shot silk veiled with the tulle and finished with a pointed half girdle of the passementerie that holds a long airy scarf of the silk muslin laid in folds, carried to the back and gracefully tied, the ends finished with a narrow line of the glittering garniture, this placed as a heading to the wide hem. On another pretty toilet of india silk muslin scattered over with little rosebud designs in shaded silk, the girdle is omitted, a deep lace yoke takes the place of the bolero, and the very long sash is carried twice around the belt and knotted toward the left side at the back of the round waist.—New York Post.

Feathers In Women's Hats.

What a comment on woman is this item: Frank M. Chapman of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, has compiled a list of the birds which he saw on the hats of women in this city during two afternoons. Forty species were represented, including thrushes, warblers, shrikes, flycatchers, tanagers, swallows, waxwings, grosbeaks, sparrows, orioles, woodpeckers, jays, owls, grouse, doves, quails, shore birds, herons, gulls, terns and grebes. In all he saw 173 wild birds or parts of them on hats. Of these birds at least 32 varieties are protected by law during all or a major portion of the year. A Boston court has decided that it is unlawful to wear feathers of a bird that is protected by law, and a similar law is proposed in New York.—Popular Science.

Dr. Frieda Lippert.

A step in the right direction has been taken in securing a woman physician for the new girls' high school of New York. Dr. Frieda Lippert has the chair of physiology and will also give attention to the physical needs of the young women. Dr. Lippert had a valuable hospital experience of several years in Philadelphia before she came to New York and has interested herself in much of the philanthropic work of the metropolis. The medical work of the famous Judson Memorial church is the outcome of her individual effort. She is a member of the woman's auxiliary of the University Settlement society and of the New York Academy of Medicine. She is also a Daughter of the American Revolution.—Woman's Journal.

Stockings and Garters.

Black stockings are still in vogue for general wear, but with light colored and dressy toilets the stockings generally match in shade and are often embroidered with wreaths and different patterns. Some have black or white lace let in in stripes, diminishing toward the ankle. As to garters, the elastic attached to the corsets is used for hygiene, and the round garter for coquetry. Some are very smart, made of elastic metal and set with stones. Some of ribbon have bows of pearl and diamond buckles. To wear with black stockings there are black satin garters with a fall of chantilly lace, finished with bows or choux of satin and gold buckles with turquoises. The more simple kind are of ruched ribbon with satin choux.

BUY AND SELL!

AND BUY AGAIN, AND PAY YOUR BILLS WHEN DUE.

But Don't Pass by These Local Ads. or You'll be Passed By Too.

Opera. Opera. Opera. Opera.
Opera. Opera. Opera. Opera.
Tonight. Tonight. Tonight.

Skates sharpened while you wait at KENT'S. New skates for sale. 326t3

Said Pasha. Tonight.
Said Pasha. Tonight.
Said Pasha. Tonight.

Roses, carnations, and flowers for funerals, weddings, etc. Call on MRS. FRANK PRATT, Farmers' Club Rooms. 322tf

Don't be misled. Buy Teas and Coffees of W. E. WEIBLZAHN. 322t4*

Gentlemen wishing to take lessons in boxing can see me at Hotel Bishop any day except Sunday, from 12:30 to 1:30 p. m., to make arrangements for entering the class. HARRY L. MANION, Instructor. 317t18

Ask your friend what she thinks of EACO flour.

Look out for the Blue Ticket Sale of Furniture at H. CAMP & SON'S. 276tf

Go to E. R. KENT'S for ladies' and gents' skates at lowest prices. 325t3

A. I. Gage is now running hacks to all trains, or any part of the city. Day calls leave at Parker's Drug Store, telephone 45; night calls at Hotel Bishop, Telephone 135. 26tf

Hacks to trains or to any part of the city. Leave orders at L. E. Edwards store, Galena avenue: evenings or Sundays at the Nachusa House: or telephone to stable on third street at any time. Telephone No. 133.

14tf URIAH STROUP.

THE GILBERT OPERA COMPANY.

Having an "off" night Company concluded to give Dixon the benefit of it and will give the beautiful Opera, Said Pasha. The Company is not a large one but they are all good and Mrs. Klund, the leading lady, is worth the price of admission alone. The Company were all good last night and pleased a good sized audience. Prices have been reduced to General Admission 25c, Reserved Seats 1st floor 35c, Gallery 50c. See them tonight in Said Pasha.

Y. M. C. A. SCHOOL.

In response to the notice published yesterday regarding our proposed night school, a large number of requests have come in that the opening of the school be postponed to Jan 1st. The increased night work during December of those employed in the stores, will prevent a number from entering these classes. Accordingly the classes will begin on Monday, Jan. 3rd. 326t2

WANTED.

GIRL to do chamber work and help in dining room. Apply at Hotel De Loss, Rochelle, Ill. For particulars inquire at Hotel Bishop. 326tf

HORSES to winter. Leave orders at C. F. Furley's. L. W. BOOK. 325t6*

MAN or WOMAN, Salary $10.00 per week and expenses paid. Call and see me at Hotel Bishop. E. J. BROWN. 323t3*

A GIRL, to do chamber work at college. Inquire of Mrs. J. B. Dille. 23tf

EXPERIENCED VAMPERS and first-class fitters, to whom very steady employment will be guaranteed and good wages paid. Apply promptly to the Huiskamp Bro's Co., Keokuk, Iowa. 21t6

A COMPETENT Girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. F. C. PARSONS' 320tf

CHICKEN-PICKERS Wanted. Apply to Dixon Poultry Co., 61 First street. 310tf

WORK at roof painting. I have a mixture that will keep roofs from leaking where all kinds of paint fail. THOMAS COLE, old Telegraph Block, East River street. 210tf

HELP-FEMALE—Lady with good reference to work at home in spare time can make $8 to $12 a week. No books or canvassing, work light and respectable; permanent position to right party; we furnish work and teach you free. Send 10c. for sample and instructions. THE CARTER CHEMICAL CO., 120 So. Second St., Phila. 188t74

FOR RENT.

HOUSE of seven rooms and Barn, corner Tenth St. and Highland Avenue. Inquire of C. GONNERMAN. 325tf

8 Room house with barn on South Peoria Ave. Inquire of Geo. Atkins. 32316*

TWO Bed-rooms in the Dolan Building, on Galena Avenue. Apply to THOS. DOLAN. 32316

FRONT Room, furnished, in private family. Inquire at 410 Peoria avenue. 276tf

ROOMS at No. 8 East River Street. Apply at this office. 268tf

ROOMS in brick building on East River Street. Apply at this office. 162tf

A FINE Combination Tandem Bicycle, by the hour. 75 Cents the first hour, 25 cents per hour after. DIXON MUSIC COMPANY. 162tf

FOR SALE.

MY Property in North Dixon, consisting of three houses. Also buggies, harness and pony. Enquire at residence. MRS. J. F. SANFORD. 313&46tf

I have different varieties of trees for ornamental purpose; also cord wood in lots of one to one hundred cords, delivered to any part of the city. A large part of this wood is hard maple. Leave orders at C. F. Furley's or address John Lenox, Gap Grove, Ill. 90tf

MY HOMESTEAD PROPERTY on Hennepin avenue, at No. 307. Mrs. P. Farley, at Mrs. O'Nally's on Crawford avenue. 09tf

CHRISTMAS. The newest and most charming Holiday Gift is the **"Remembrance Calendar for 1898,"** comprizing TWELVE exquisite Art Studies. The flora of each seperate month, enriched with appropriate quotations from standard authors. Price, ONE DOLLAR, by mail. H. M. CRIDER & CO., Publishers, York, Pa. 317t12

Plymouth Clothing and Shoe House,

No. 12, First Street, Dixon, Illinois.

The Great Kuh, Nathan & Fisher Co., Clothing Purchase Sale enters on its second week with Bargains unresistably the biggest ever offered to the public of Dixon and vicinity. The K. N & F. Co's. Fine Suits at **$9.87** make every purchaser happy, (for they see plainly a saving of $5.00 on every suit.) Remarkable as it may seem to save you such an amount on an investment of $9.87 is best evidenced by the comments we receive and the amount of suits we have already sold from this vast purchase. We want every man, who has clothing to buy, to see these goods, as tongue or pen utterly fails to describe the fine values we are offering at

$9.87!

We posilively guarantee there is not a suit in the entire lot but that was wholesaled by K. N. & F. Co., for more than we shall sell them at retail. This is a chance of a lifetime: $16.00, $15.00 and $14.00 Suits for **$9.87.**

K. N. & F. Co. Men's Fine Suits, wholesale price $12.00, regular retail price $16 00..... **Our price $9.87**
K. N. & F. Co. Men's Fine Suits, wholesale price $11.00, regular retail price $15 00 ..... **Our price $9.87**
K. N. & F. Co. Men's Fine Suits, wholesale price $10.50, regular retail price $14.00 ..... **Our price $9.87**
K. N. & F. Co. Men's Fine Suits, wholesale price $10.00 regular retail price $13.50..... **Our price $9.87**

In Connection With This Great Suit Sale

Our overcoat and ulster department which is the largest and most varied in the city offers unmatchable values. It's our constant aim to see how good and at what a small cost to you we can cloth you.

Men's Overcoat and Ulsters in this sale, worth $8.00 at..... **$4.98**
Men's Overcoats and Ulsters in this sale worth $ 0.00 at..... **$6.50**
Men's Overcoats and Ulsters in this sale, worth $12 00 at..... **$7.50**
Men's Overcoats and Ulsters in this sale, worth $15.00 at..... **$10.00**

Space does not permit to talk about our other departments, but in our shoe department we challenge everybody as to quality and prices. Boots Shoes and Rubber goods for men, women and children, at prices that defy competition. Look our line over before purchasing.

Plymouth Clothing and Shoe House,

No. 12 First Street, Dixon, Ill.

EYES



TESTED FREE...,

Save Your Eyesight.

Wear a pair of properly fitted glasses if you are troubled with headache, nervousness, dizziness, sore eyes or any error of refraction of sight. Call on me and I will guarantee the glasses fitted by me to give entire relief.

C. C. BURKART,

No. 9 First Street.

Agents Wanted for....

The Official Guide to the Klondyke Country

And the Gold Fields of Alaska.

Retail Price $1.00

Intensely interesting and strictly authentic. The actual experences of miners and their marvelous discoveries of gold. The information contained in this book has been carfully prepared from the most reliable sources, and will be the means of leading thousands to fortune in the

GOLD FIELDS OF THE NORTH

The book contains 300 pages and is illustrated with 32 full page photographs, taken especialy for this work, and also 8 pages of official maps.

We are the sole publishers of "The Official Guide to the Klondyke Country;" any other publications purporting to be it are imitations.

Our usual liberal commissions.

Send 50 cents at once for complete book, together with agents outfit.

W. B. Conkey Company,

341-351 Dearborn St., Chicago.



Making a Man of You.

That is what E. J. Cahill & Co., can do. A rough diamond can be polished by us so that he looks like a man whose refinement had begun three generations back. The Clothing fitted and made in our establishment are marvels of good taste, and in style—the perfection of the tailors art. Call and examine our large stock of woolens.

E. J. CAHILL & CO.,

No. 10 First Street

Up Stairs.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

We are agents for twenty of the best American and Foreign Companies. Gives us a call.

Smith & Crabtree.

Patronize Home Industry

and have a Suit, Trousers, or Overcoat made by us. We make Suits to order from $18.00 and upwards: our prices, goods, trimmings, workmanship and fits excelled by none. All kinds of cleaning and repairing done neatly at reasonable prices.

Give Us a Call.

LONERGAN & WALGREN,

High Art Tailors.

14 First St., over S. Rosenthal & Son.